

The North Adams Transcript.

VOLUME 4

THE NORTH ADAMS DAILY TRANSCRIPT, WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 3 1898

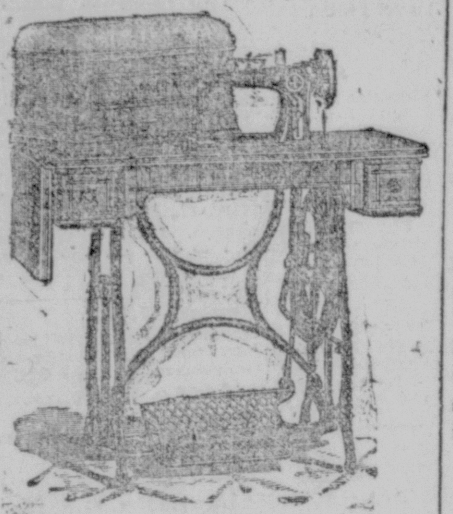
NUMBER 12

SAMUEL CULLY & CO.

The Crowd of Eager People Who Came

To our great machine sale Saturday was not disappointed. There was such a crowd, not more than we expected perhaps, but the sewing machine sales were far in excess of our most sanguine wishes. Well, we have plenty of machines in stock now and expect another shipment this week. At such low prices as we are making, we expect during the next two weeks to see at our store the greatest machine selling this city has ever known.

CASH is a mighty Power.
CREDIT is dead and buried.
CASH versus credit—CASH is on top every time. CASH buying and selling in the sewing machine business means that you can buy machines at about one quarter the regular prices.



Expert No. 3, Cash Price \$17;
Expert No. 4, cash price \$18; Seamstress, No. 3, \$19; Seamstress, No. 4 \$21.

Drop head cabinet, when not in use the head drops down out of sight. Cash Price, \$24.50.

These prices are about one quarter regular prices.

BASEMENT SALESROOM.

SAMUEL CULLY & CO.

Where Will You Move?

Is a question asked me often. My lease runs for over a year, and while I shall secure a place as soon as possible, my large stock of goods and fixtures will be disposed of at 12 State street, which will probably occupy fully three months.

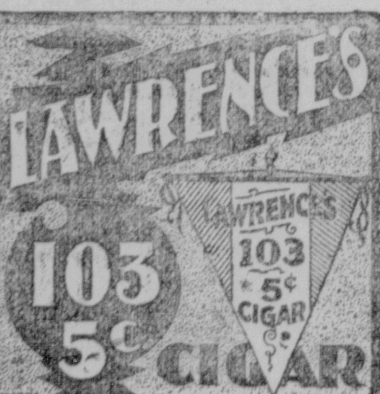
Have already established a counter, where goods are sold at one-half former price.

It will be for your interest to call at 12 State street.

M. V. N. Braman

12 STATE STREET.

TELEPHONE 2-20.



UNION MADE
Our leading 5c Cigar

We recommend the above to all lovers of a good smoke.

Manufactured by
Chas. Lawrence & Co., Boston

Trade supplied by
North Adams Drug Company,

93 Main St.
Largest stock of cigars in Western Mass.

OUR VICTORY COMPLETE.

Sampson's Attack Kept Spaniards From Blowing Up Sunken Merrimac.

Official Report Confirms Every Detail. Spaniards Admit Losses. Many Ships for Philippines. Tampa Troops Moving.

TO HEAD OFF SPANIARDS

From Blowing Up the Merrimac the Object of Sampson's Attack.

Washington, June 8.—Today's news does little but confirm yesterday's dispatches of the Santiago battle. A message was received last night from Sampson giving official verification of the early reports and assuring the navy department that no damage was done the Americans.

Nothing further has been received from Sampson today. It is believed the bulletin posted last night of his message was but a skeleton of his dispatch. It is learned that one object of the attack was to prevent the Spaniards from making a successful attempt to remove the Merrimac from the channel.

A heavy fog and a steady rain prevailed during the engagement. The American gunners, however, rose superior to the mist, and their eyes, supplemented by high light, directed the shot and shell with terrific effect.

Again the Spaniards proved to be miserable marksmen. They managed to hit the Merrimac once. Her fighting top was struck, but that was all the damage. The other ships did not suffer, so far as can be learned. Not one of the American sailors is reported killed. One man on the Suwanee was injured. It is believed that he was the only sailor wounded during the bombardment.

The cruiser Reina Mercedes, some of whose guns had been removed and set up in the Socapa fortress, is reported to have precipitated the engagement. She had run out into the harbor near where the collier Merrimac lay sunk, and her actions looked suspicious to Admiral Sampson. He concluded that Admiral Cervera had sent out the Mercedes to attempt to blow up the Merrimac, and thus reopen the channel. The order to open fire was then given and the heavy guns of the fleet poured in a rain of shells, which made it impossible for any of the Spaniards to approach the Merrimac. At the same time the fleet was moving nearer to the harbor. Several shells struck the Mercedes, one of them bursting in the rear of the pilot house. The damage was tremendous. So desperate did her situation become that Admiral Cervera, who watched the fire from his flagship, the Almirante Oquendo, hoisted signals ordering that the crew abandon the ship. This they did, though it was accomplished only with great peril.

When the American ships hauled off at 11 o'clock, the crews had their dinner, and then Admiral Sampson ordered a continuation of the bombardment. It was during this second bombardment that the marines were landed at Baiquiri, a little port some distance east of Aguadores. A sharp cannonade was begun against the landing party by the new fort constructed under the direction of Lieutenant Ordonez recently. The American ships at once shelled the fort, quickly silencing the guns and making of the work a mass of ruin. Lieutenant Ordonez, who is the chief ordnance expert of the Spanish army, was himself severely injured in the bombardment. So were Captain Sanchez and Lieutenant Yrizar of the artillery, and Captains Perez and Garcia of the infantry.

Word of the landing of the Americans was quickly sent to Santiago, and a Spanish force of infantry and cavalry was dispatched to drive them back. The two forces met near the landing place, but the American marines, who were assisted by the insurgents, routed the Spanish column. The loss to the Spaniards is said here to have been heavy. There is no report as to the loss of the Americans. The Americans and the insurgents are now strongly entrenched a quarter of a mile from the shore, where they can be seen by the ships. Several of the ships have taken up permanent positions to cover the marines in case of a second attack from the Spanish forces.

Rushing to Hawaii.

San Francisco, June 8.—The Belgic arrived from the Orient via Honolulu yesterday, but was sent into quarantine, three cases of smallpox having developed on board since her departure from Hong Kong. One case was landed at Nagasaki, another at Kobe and the third at Honolulu. No new case has developed since the steamer left Honolulu, and it is thought that the disease has been stamped out. The vessel and cargo will be thoroughly fumigated.

The Belgic reports sighting the first transport, which left this city May 25, about 150 miles east of Honolulu. The Belgic sailed from Honolulu June 1. The Charleston had arrived at Honolulu two days before, and was recoiled at the time of the departure of the Belgic. Preparations were being made at Honolulu for the reception of the troops which were expected to arrive there on the day the Belgic left. The town was beautifully decorated, and a public reception was to be given the men on the troopship.

SPANISH REPORT GIVEN OUT.

Admits Reina Mercedes Was Sunk But Says Damage to Forts Already Repaired.

Madrid, June 8.—A semi-official note issued today purports to give an account of the bombardment of Santiago Monday. It says the Americans made three attacks, each being repulsed with heavy losses, estimated at 1500 men.

The American projectiles sunk the Spanish cruiser Reina Mercedes. The damage to the batteries and towns is unimportant and already repaired. The exact Spanish loss is one officer, 34 of the naval force killed and 29 injured.

Vizcaya and Furor Reported Damaged
New York, June 8.—A special from Kingston says the Vizcaya and Furor were badly damaged Monday. A shell from the Brooklyn is said to have burst under the Vizcaya's port quarter, dismounting a gun, injuring the rudder and wounding several sailors.

A False Spanish Report.

New York, June 8.—A cable from Madrid says that in the course of Monday's cannonading at Santiago Captain Phillips of the battleship Texas was killed by a Spanish shell. Nothing in the other dispatches from the West Indies substantiates this.

Washington, June 8.—Great indignation is felt in the navy department at the Spanish report of the death of Captain Phillips of the Texas. Officials say it is absolutely false and calculated to needlessly alarm his family.

President To Be Invited.

Chattanooga, June 8.—A movement is on foot to have the President and cabinet here for the Fourth of July. Formal invitation will be extended to Gov. Bradley of Kentucky and his staff here today. Gov. Hastings of Pennsylvania is expected Sunday. A number of other governors have been invited to visit the camp.

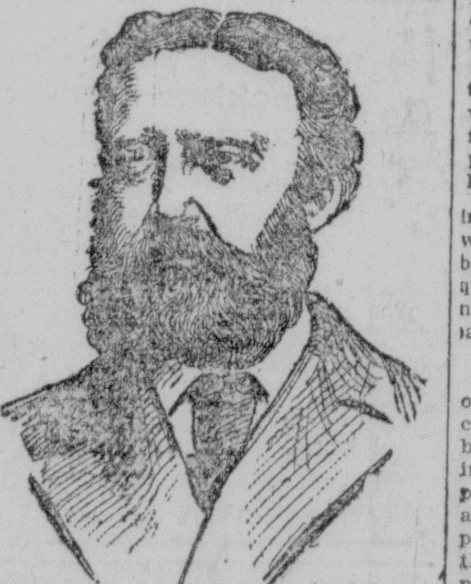
Nine Were Killed.

Madrid, June 8.—The following dispatch has been received from Admiral Cervera: "Six American vessels have bombarded the fortifications at Santiago and along the adjacent coast. Six were killed and 17 were wounded on board the Reina Mercedes three officers were killed and an officer and 17 men were wounded among the troops."

"The Americans fired 1500 shells of different caliber; the damage inflicted upon the batteries of La Socapa and Morro castle was unimportant. The barracks at Morro castle suffered damage. The enemy had noticeable losses."

Instructed to Rush.

San Francisco, June 8.—Rear Admiral Kirkland has received instructions from Washington to expedite work on the Yorktown. The Philadelphia will be commissioned July 1, and the Yorktown



WILLIAM A. KIRKLAND.

should be ready in about two months. The torpedo boat Rowan will soon be tested in Portland, and the torpedo boat Dais has already been launched. They will shortly be put in commission, and the department is of the opinion that these boats, with the Philadelphia and Yorktown, will give ample protection to the coast.

Landing Party Repulsed.

Madrid, June 8.—In the chamber of deputies Captain Anon, minister of marine, read Admiral Cervera's dispatch and a dispatch from General Blanco to the effect that General Linier had repulsed an American attempt to effect a landing of troops at Aguadores. The senate unanimously resolved to congratulate the army and navy.

State Arsenal Ablaze.

Hartford, June 8.—An attempt to burn the state arsenal was made about midnight. The fire department prevented a serious result and the fire wasted its force on a barr

GENERAL MASSACRE EXPECTED.

Rebels in Philippines Preparing to Exterminate Spaniards.

Victoria, B. C., June 8.—Advices from Manila say that five war vessels of other nations are already in the harbor and more are hourly expected. Trade is at a standstill. Scores of costing vessels are tied up. There probably will soon be a general massacre of Spaniards by the rebels attempted.

MANY SHIPS FOR PHILIPPINES

Chartered and Impressed to Carry Troops From San Francisco.

Washington, June 8.—Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn has chartered the steamships Indiana, Morgan City and City of Para for the transportation of troops to the Philippines. He has also closed a contract for the Victoria, Olympia and Arizona of the Northern Pacific line, and secured the privilege of acquiring the Tacoma and Columbia if needed. He has also ordered impressed into service the Senator, Queen and City of Puebla of the Pacific Coast company if satisfactory.

San Francisco, June 8.—The steamer Morgan City, chartered as a transport by the government, will carry 800 and will be ready by the end of the week. The second fleet of transports will start Monday.

General Merritt has ordered a battery of six mountain howitzers to be taken on the next Manila expedition.

TROOPS MOVING.

Beginning of the Long Planned Invasion of Cuba.

Washington, June 8.—Troops are leaving Tampa. Their destination is Santiago, and 27,000 men, of whom 16,000 will be regulars and 11,000 volunteers, will comprise the expedition. This will leave another 15,000 regulars and volunteers at Tampa available for the movement upon Porto Rico, which will be started as soon as the volunteers who are at Jacksonville can be equipped and made ready to join the Tampa forces.

There has been a shaking among the drybones at Tampa, and more has been accomplished in 48 hours than in two weeks previously. When the trains bearing the guns arrived at Tampa it was discovered that the army was without adequate machinery to lift them from the cars to the ships. Some trucks which were provided were found to be totally unsuited for the purpose for which they had been procured, and considerable time was lost in procuring adequate machinery. Now, however, these siege guns are finally reported to be on board the transports and ready to be forwarded. It is said at the war department that not only was new machinery absolutely necessary, but that new wharves had to be constructed because the old wharves began to sink under the weight of the artillery.

When the troops arrive at Santiago they will be landed upon pontoon bridges, which will run from the ships into the mouth of a river near Santiago. It will probably take a day for the operation of landing to be completed, and also for the insurgents to communicate and connect with the American forces. There will be altogether an army large enough to quickly subdue the entire Spanish force now congregated at Santiago, and the battle ought neither to be long nor severe.

Judging from the newspaper reports of the breach Sampson has made in the coast defenses, there is every reason to believe that little difficulty will be found in the actual debarkation of the troops, particularly if marines are already ashore to guard the landing. A suspicion is entertained in some quarters that Sampson was hastened in his movements at Santiago by the news of the intended departure of the troops from Tampa, and that this attack in order that the navy alone might have the honor of effecting the first occupation of Cuban soil. It is likely that the first troops of the regular army to take up a position ashore will be the members of the engineer battalion, although they are so badly hampered by the siege trains they carry that they must be greatly delayed in making a landing. These guns have given infinite trouble for the transports that were hastily chartered were so lightly constructed as to require a great deal of strengthening before the great masses of steel could be safely placed in them.

The extent of Sampson's attack upon the defenses has brought out one fact clearly, namely, that he has practically unharmed by restrictions from Washington. The exact nature of his orders has never been made public, but a naval official in a position to know what he says that the admiral has had greater power conferred upon him than has ever been given to any commander-in-chief.

4.30

THE JOLLY LEYDEN

Gun Boat Blazes Away at Every Spanish Movement.

Key West, June 8.—An auxiliary gunboat from Cardenas reports all quiet there, except that the gunboat Leyden is making things very lively for the Spaniards by blazing away at them whenever it sees a movement on their gunboats or defense.

The British collier Roath, sister to the Restormel, was held up June 4 by an American gunboat. It paid no attention to a bank shot, but a solid shot across the bow made it come to time. Next day it obeyed the first summons from another gunboat.

Spanish Bravery.

San Francisco, June 8.—Among the passengers who arrived on the Belgic Tuesday from Hong Kong were four men who participated in the fight of Manila on May 1. They are Paymaster G. A. Loud of the McCulloch, Dr. Kindelberger, surgeon of the Olympia, Ralph Phelps, secretary to the captain of the McCulloch, and J. C. Evans, gunner of the Boston. They all say that the Spaniards fought bravely, even after the last vestige of hope had gone, and stayed by their guns as long as they could be used.

Dr. Kindelberger gives a graphic account of the terrific fight. He was on the Olympia through it all. In the first assault the flagship took the lead, the other vessels following in her wake at four ship's lengths. The Spanish fleet was approached by laps, each turn bringing the contestants nearer. By this plan the American vessels frequently poured broadsides into the enemy, but were themselves more exposed to fire. At one time the smoke became so dense that it was necessary to draw aside, allowing the cloud to lift. The vessels were examined, and it was found that they had sustained no damage. Breakfast was served to the men, and in a few minutes they re-entered the fight with the greatest enthusiasm. The second fight was even more fierce than the first. It was in that that the Baltimore was struck. During the first fight the Spanish admiral's ship put bravely out of the line to meet the Olympia. The entire American fleet concentrated fire on her, and she was so badly injured that she turned around to put back. At this juncture the Olympia let fly an eight-inch shell, which struck her stern and pierced through almost her entire length, exploding finally in the engine room, wrecking her machinery. This shell killed the captain and 60 men, and set the vessel on fire. In the heat of the fight two torpedo boats moved out to attack the fleet. They were allowed to come within 800 yards, when a fusillade from the Olympia sent one to the bottom with all on board and riddled the other. The second boat was later found turned upon the beach, covered with blood.

In the second fight the Baltimore was sent to silence the fort at Cavite. She plunged into a cloud of smoke and opened all her batteries on the fortifications. In a very few minutes a shell struck the ammunition, and the fort blew up with a deafening roar. The work on the Baltimore was glorious. After the principal ships had been destroyed the Concord, Raleigh and Petrel, being of light draught, were sent close in to handle the remaining vessels of the fleet. They made quick work of them.

In taking possession of the land fort several hundred wounded Spaniards fell into the hands of the Americans, and nearly 200 dead were accounted for on the spot. Holes in which numbers had been hastily buried were found. The dead were returned to relatives so far as this could be done, and the wounded were cared for in the best manner by the American surgeons. The Spanish loss footed up 400 killed, 600 wounded and a property loss of from \$6,000,000 to \$10,000,000.

The day of the fight was clear and hot; not a breath of air was stirring. After the first battle the Americans were greatly fagged out by heat, and the rest and breakfast allowed them by the commodore were of inestimable benefit. When the men were at breakfast a conference of all officers was held on board the Olympia, when the plan of the second battle was given by the commodore. Several shots struck the Olympia and she was pierced a number of times. One shell struck the side of the ship against the hospital ward. The chaplain and nurses, who were watching the fight through a porthole a few inches away, were stunned by the concussion.

Paymaster Loud, who was on the McCulloch during the battle, could see every movement of the American ships, and could also see the Spaniards. "For two hours," said Mr. Loud, "the steady thunder of cannon was kept up. The roar was terrible. At one time I really thought we would be beaten. This was after the fire had been kept up an hour. It looked as if every gun on the Spanish ships had turned loose on us together, and the shore line was a veritable blaze of fire from the batteries. The din was simply indescribable. Tons upon tons of shells fell over our ships. There was steel enough to have sunk our entire fleet. Our salvation was in the bad marksmanship of the Spaniards. They handled their pieces like children. Nearly all of their shots went wide. Most of them were high, flying over the fleet and falling into the bay beyond. Some of the batteries, however, were better trained. Several guns maintained a raking fire on the fleet. Nearly all of our ships were struck by both large and small shot, but no damage of consequence was done.

"When we left Manila on the 5th, Commodore Dewey was in possession of the shore fort and arsenal. Considerable ammunition and some of their guns were captured. Manila has not been taken, and it was not the intention of the commodore to do so at that time. The city and its suburbs were completely at the mercy of our guns, and we could have laid it in ruins in a very short time."

Cutting-made

is the trade mark by which our new line of white shirts, collars and cuffs is known. It is a guarantee of superior goods, workmanship, fit and finish. At the price of the shirts, \$1.00, which is within the reach of all, you cannot afford to accept an inferior article from any one. The Cutting-Made is cut long and full size, thoroughly reinforced linen bosoms, either open or closed, long or short; in fact, these

Shirts.

Collars and Cuffs

have no superiors at any price in point of style and wear.

The collars are 15c, two for 25c, and cuffs 25c the pair.

All the most popular styles collars, and both link and straight cuffs are here to show you, and we always have your size, for we run them 14 to 18, and occasionally a 19. See our corner window.

New Straw Hats today.

C. H. CUTTING & CO.

WEBER BROS.,

"Cut Price" Shoe Store.

Another lot just received of those Ladies' Kid Button and Laced Boots Patent Leather Tipped at

98c

A PAIR. SIZES 21-2 to 7

Hundreds of pairs we have sold at our store at this price the last three years. This is the best lot yet. If you are obliged to economize these are the shoes for you to buy.

WEBER BROS.,

Manufacturers, Wholesalers, Retailers.

ESS DENTISTRY.

The People's Dental Parlors

Formerly located at 9 Eagle street, have removed to Sullivan's new block, 34 Main street, opposite State, where they have all modern improvements and every facility to do first class work.

BEST SETS OF TEETH \$5.50 AND \$7.50.

(No better made at any price.)

Gold Fillings 75c up, Silver 50c, Cement 50c, Cleaning 50c, Extracting 25c

Gold crowns and gold cusp 22-karat \$6. Crown and bridge work a specialty. Can be allowed to patients living outside the city within 20 miles. You can come in the morning and wear your teeth home the same day.

ICT ON PARLE FRANÇAIS.

LADY ATTENDANT.

THE PEOPLE'S DENTAL PARLORS

34 Main Street, North Adams.

In the War of Value

These must win. We are showing over six hundred styles in spring and summer wear for gentlemen's wear. Our woolen jobbers are anxious to close them out at a great sacrifice to make room for their Fall goods. We are anxious to do business and are prepared to meet them half-way. We are selling black and blue cloth worsted suits for \$26, or regular price \$33, and we are showing over fifty styles in fancy and worsted suitings ranging from \$25 to \$35 per suit, regular price \$32 to \$42 per suit. All our work is made on the premises and we guarantee it to be satisfactory or your money back.

J. O'Brien & Co., Tailors,

55 Eagle Street.

A Pretty Foot is Something



And a pretty foot in a pretty shoe is a good deal more. But a pretty foot in an ill-looking, ill-fitting shoe is worst of all. The Tan Boots and Oxford Ties we sell will make a pretty foot prettier, or a less attractive "understanding" neat and trim. We're the nicest line we ever carried; neatest shapes; all widths; all toes and all prices, from \$1.00 to \$3.00.

We can suit any purse in town.

H. P. Murdock & Bros.,

10 State Street.

FORMERLY

The Martin Shoe Store.

INSURANCE of All Kinds....

Tinker & Ransford

Office over Adams National Bank, North Adams. The Leading Agents



TAMPA BETTER THAN "ELAND"

Letter From Sergeant Simmons.
Brown University.

Mr. and Mrs. ...mons received a letter from their son, Sergeant Fred A. Simmons, of Company M, from Tampa, Tuesday. He says that he likes Tampa much better than Lakeland since it is much cleaner and pleasanter. He says he is glad he enlisted when he did and has never been sorry for it, for more especially did he feel that he did his duty when he learned that a second call for troops had been made.

He says all the boys are fanned and look like Cubans. Every member of Company M is well and feeling happy. The company has not a man in the hospital. The company is under marching orders ready to move at the word. He believes they will go to Porto Rico.

Enclosed in his letter he sends a copy of resolutions sent to him by the officers and students of Brown University. The resolutions are signed by the president of the university and by the presidents of the four college classes. In part the resolution says: "Resolved, That we, officers and students of the university, in mass meeting assembled, do hereby express our high appreciation of this patriotic action on the part of our Brown University Volunteers, pledging to them our unwavering sympathy in herdships which they will meet, urging them to be brave and unflinching in every danger, and wishing them after victory, a safe return from the war to the peaceful walks of Alma Mater."

Sergeant Simmons also speaks of having seen the company of rough riders and he says they are a fine looking lot of stout and able bodied men.

Caledonian Club's Flag Raising.

The first public display is to be held in this town will be held at the Caledonian Club's hall this evening. The club has purchased a lot of fireworks which will be set off during the exercises. The program arranged is as follows:

- Selection, Germania Band
- Flag Raising, Chief William Young
- "Star Spangled Banner," Germania Band
- Remarks, W. S. Morton
- Remarks, D. B. Field
- Selection, Germania Band
- Remarks, James Kenney
- Remarks, James C. Chalmers
- Selection, Germania Band
- Address, Rev. A. B. Fenniman
- "My Country 'Tis of Thee," Audience

Marriage Announcements

The bans of marriage were published for the first time Sunday at St. Thomas church, between Miss Lillian E. Kelly and Hugh Brannan of Jackson, Mich. Mr. Brannan was formerly foreman in the Greylock shirt shop and just before leaving for Michigan he was proprietor of the Adams steam laundry on Park street. Miss Kelly is a teacher at the Denison school. They will be married Wednesday morning June 22. They will make their home in Jackson, Mich., where Mr. Brannan is foreman in a shirt shop.

An Business For Himself

John J. Daly has bought out the following business of Charles E. Legato and will conduct the business himself in the store room which Mr. Legato had in the Armory building. Mr. Daly was foreman in Mr. Legato's shop and has been in the business for many years. He has lived in this town for the past 20 years, he has always showed himself a trustworthy man and is deserving of public patronage. His many friends wish him all success.

Death of Sylvester M. Cook.

Sylvester M. Cook, aged 50 years, died at his home on 2311 street Tuesday afternoon. He was born in this town and always lived here. He was taken ill with the grip last winter and had been sick for some time. He leaves a mother, a son, D. B. Cook of this town, and a sister, Mrs. Nugent of Holyoke. The funeral will be held Thursday morning and interment will be in the old cemetery.

Death of Late McCaffery.

Lots McCaffery, aged 50 years, died at his home at 48 Third street this morning about 5:30 o'clock, after several weeks' illness. He was born in Ireland and was an old and respected resident of this town. He was a laborer and always was a hard working man. He leaves two daughters, Mrs. D. B. Benedict of Holyoke, Tenn., and Miss Nellie McCaffery of this town, and a son in East Chicago. The funeral will be held Friday morning.

Will go to North Adams.

The regular meeting of the A. O. U. W. was held Tuesday evening. There was a large attendance and the lodge voted to attend the convention of the A. O. U. W. lodge of eastern Massachusetts to be held in North Adams, June 23. All the grand officers from Boston will be present. Special cars will be run for the local society and it is the hope that every member will go.

W. E. C. Meeting.

The regular meeting of the Woman's Relief corps was held Tuesday evening. The ladies voted to give whatever assistance they could to the Veterans association in helping the families of the men who were with Company M. They also voted to serve refreshments for George M. Fay's party. G. A. R., at their anniversary celebration next Monday evening.

A Special Meeting.

The regular meeting of the A. O. U. W. will be held Tuesday evening.

A Soldier's Wife.

Most of the married life of Mrs. Nelson A. Miles has been spent at army posts as the companion of her gallant husband, General Nelson A. Miles. There is not a state or a post which she has not seen, and from the icy hills of Alaska to the burning deserts of Arizona.



MRS. NELSON A. MILES.

she has accompanied her husband on his round of duties. She says she always found the life of an officer's wife pleasant and free from unusual dangers. Mrs. Miles is tall and striking looking.

Modest General Wheeler.

From the time that General Wheeler's nomination was forwarded to the senate he did not make his appearance at the house. This was a disappointment to his colleagues, who had planned for him a grand reception. As soon as the appointment became known the sergeant-at-arms took up a collection for the purchase of small flags. These were duly secured and widely distributed among Democrats, Republicans and Populists. The purpose was when the agile general of volunteers came upon the floor to flash out the multitude of flags at him as a patriotic ovation.

Whether General Wheeler was informed of this and because of his modesty kept aloof from the legislative chamber, where he has served so long, is not known. He did not, however, forget the members of the house, for before taking up his official duties he mailed to each his formal pour rendre compte. On one side was this plain inscription: "Joseph Wheeler, the Arlington, Washington, D. C." On the other side was neatly inscribed the following: "I regret that I was unable to call upon you in person and thank you for your many kindnesses in the past, but my urgent orders made this impossible." — Washington Post.

Another Northamptonite.

The chair of history at Princeton has now been filled by the election of the Rev. Paul Van Dyke, a brother of the Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke. Mr. Van Dyke has lately been pastor of the Edwards church in Northampton. It may be remembered that Jonathan Edwards, after a 24 years' ministry in Northampton and some years' mission work among the Stockbridge Indians, accepted the presidency of Princeton.

Got His Desk at Last.

S. G. Thurlow of Belfast, Me., now nearly 60 years old, has just received permission to remove from the custom house there a desk which he bought and put there for his personal use when he was collector of customs 30 years ago. It had got on the inventory of office furniture through some mistake, and when his term expired he was not allowed to remove it. Application after application for permission to do so failed until now.

Zola's Tribute to Daudet.

Zola says of a nation's admiration for Daudet: "If I were asked to assign a definite place for Alphonse Daudet, I would give to him the first among his brothers. He was the bravest, the strongest. His work, sweet and charming as it was, was the loudest cry of pity, the strongest demand for justice. It is a part of a vast inquiry that is being continued by this generation."

VALUE OF BRAKES.

How One Rider Escaped Injury and Another Did Not.

Notwithstanding all the talk last fall and winter about the necessity of brakes, the dealers claim they are equipping but very few new machines with them this season. The greatest advantage of a quick acting brake is for an emergency stop. If a bill is too steep or back pedal or a rider does not care to wear out his shoes by foot braking, the man without a brake can always wait. But the special value of a brake is where back pedaling is of no avail and when time will not permit the use of the foot. This was well illustrated last week on one of the hills leading to the Fort Lee ferry. Two riders were traveling at a 12 or more mile gait, hurrying to catch the boat when a big Newfoundland dog suddenly jumped out of a yard in an endeavor to cross the road. The rider who was a yard or two in advance applied his brake and back pedal, bringing his machine to a standstill, his companion, not provided with a brake, could not stop his wheel with his pedals, though he had a fraction of a second more time, and as he plunged heavily into the dog. The dog, which probably weighed 100 pounds, stood the shock very well, but the rider had a bad fall, though by good luck nothing more serious than a broken plaster would mend. In addition to bruises and scratches there was a much damaged bicycle and two twisted front forks, a wheel out of true and a broken handle bar. — New York Post.

A GREAT REMEDY

Is in store for all who use Kapp's Balm for the Throat and Lungs. Would you believe that it is sold in its native and any drugist is authorized by the proprietor of this wonderful remedy to give you a sample bottle free? It never fails to cure a cough or chronic catarrh. All drugists sell it. Kapp's Balm, Price 25 and 50 cents.

Headache Quickly Cured.

Dr. David Anti-Headache remedy 25c.

Pyrocure.

Is absolute cure for piles. Pyrocure, remedy, endorsed by home people. Pyrocure, 25c. and 50c. bottles.

We have a fine supply of sorted hard wood.

Both sawed and split. Call, write or telephone T. W. Richmond, coal and wood. Sole agents for Smith's Lowell establisers.

RELIEF FROM PAIN.

Women Everywhere Express their Gratitude to Mrs. Pinkham.

Mrs. T. A. WALDEN, Gibson, Ga., writes: "Dear Mrs. PINKHAM:—Before taking your medicine, life was a burden to me. I never saw a well day. At my monthly period I suffered untold misery, and a great deal of the time I was troubled with a severe pain in my side. Before finishing the first bottle of your Vegetable Compound I could tell it was doing me good. I continued to use it, also used the Liver Pills and the Sensitive Wash, and have been greatly helped. I would like to have you use my letter for the benefit of others."

Mrs. FLORENCE A. WOLFE, 515 Hubbard, 44, Lancaster, Ohio, writes:

"Dear Mrs. PINKHAM:—For two years I was troubled with what the local physicians told me was inflammation of the womb. Every month I suffered terribly. I had taken enough medicine from the doctors to cure any one, but obtained relief for a short time only. At last I concluded to write you in regard to my case, and say that by following your advice I am now perfectly well."

Mrs. W. R. BATES, Mansfield, La., writes:

"Before writing to you I suffered dreadfully from painful menstruation, leucorrhoea and sore feeling in the lower part of the bowels. Now my friends want to know what makes me look so well. I do not hesitate one minute in telling them what has brought about this great change. I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound enough. It is the greatest remedy of the age."

"A cure-all for babies" is what Mrs. H. V. Albright, of Chazy, N.Y., calls

Comfort Powder

For all chafing, scalding, or any skin trouble it says it is wonderful. Being cooling and comforting, it is rightly named. 25 and 50 cents.

THE MODERN BEAUTY

Thrives on good food and sunshine, with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health and her face beams with its purity. If her system needs the cleansing action of a laxative remedy, she uses the gentle and pleasant Syrup of Figs. Made by the California Syrup Co. only.

SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES.

Allen's Foot-Powder, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting, itchy feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It is the great comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Powder makes tight or raw shoes easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, itchy, itching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c. in stamps. The package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

GIVE THE CHILDREN A GRIN.

called Grain-O. It is a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and used by all who have used it before. When properly prepared it tastes like the finest coffee but is free from all its injurious properties. Grain-O aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant but a health builder, and children, as well as adults, can drink it with great benefit. Costs about 2c as much as coffee. 15 and 25c.

THE BICYCLE HOSPITAL.

All kinds of repairing by skillful workmen at lowest prices. A guaranteed Regal single tube tire for \$2.50. Spoke and tire quality for 7 cents each. Adjusted High Grade wheels for star riders to let a Dodge's Bicycle Library, 22 Summer street.

Judge

A Jewelry Store

Sells Watches and Diamonds. Judged in this way, we will not be found lacking, carrying, as we do, a full line of the celebrated Howard Watches and a large stock of Diamonds, every one reliable. Wedding Gifts and Wedding Engravings are coming in for a good deal of attention just now. Be sure that we can fill your wants well and reasonably.

L. M. BARNES, 5 Wilson Block

W H GAYLORD

For Summer

Come and see how well your summer needs have been provided for. In gathering the new stocks we have bettered our own best in two ways—the assortments are larger and the prices, almost without exception, are lower than ever before.

In Wash Goods

Dimities, Organdies, Cordes, Batistes, Mullettes, Muslins, Percales, India Linens, Dotted Swisses—everything that should be here.

In Dress Goods

All the spring novelties have had their prices put down for quick closing. Be on hand for the bargains.

W H GAYLORD

Pyrocure Cures Piles!

HOW ARE YOU TO BELIEVE IT? If you have suffered from this annoying complaint, you have heard this promised before. Probably tried countless remedies, all with the same result—disappointment. Try one more.

Try Pyrocure

It has been successful in curing some of the most obstinate cases on record, and hundreds of local people have given it their endorsement. We do not know of a case which it has not at least benefited. Of how many other remedies can this be said? PYROCURE is purely vegetable and entirely harmless.

For sale by North Adams; Adams, Williamstown, North Pownal and Wilmington druggists.

THE PYROCURE COMPANY,
North Adams, Mass.

ALFORD

Invites

You

To Read This:

A good double tenement house, in a very desirable location, lot 86x00; a number of good features about this property that will be given upon application, and the price is only \$3,500.

And This:

Another double tenement house in the fifth ward that should, and undoubtedly will, find a ready purchaser. Price and particulars on application.

And This:

\$8,500 for a good seven-room house, lot 60 feet front by 19 rods deep, apples, plums, grapes and currants in profusion, good barn.

And This:

\$800 buys a farm of 110 acres, well watered, house, 8 rooms, two barns. This is less than the cost of the land alone.

And This:

A pine-room house, with lot 66x30, and quantities of fruit; location in every way desirable; is in the market at a fair price.

Fire Insurance

In the Leading Companies.

A. S. ALFORD,
Real Estate and Insurance.
90 Main Street

60 TO CALIFORNIA,

Copley Square Hotel

Huntington Ave., Cor. Exeter St., Boston

A new and elegantly appointed fireproof hotel. Pleasantly and conveniently located. One minute from Huntington Ave. Station, and a few minutes' walk to shopping centers and places of amusement. Electric cars to all points pass the door.

ROOMS SINGLY OR EN SUITE WITH PRIVATE BATHS.

American plan, \$5.00 per day and up. European rooms \$1.00 per day and up.

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E. E. CURRIER, New England Agent, 9 State St., Boston.
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L. H. NUTTING, Eastern Pass. Agent, 1 Battery Place, New York.

An Exceptional Building Lot on Holden Street,

FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES is offered at a very low figure. Right prices and right terms to the right party for desirable property on Glen avenue

Harvey A. Gallup,
BOLAND BLOCK, NORTH ADAMS, MASS.

Every description of Insurance.

Patent the Jeweler,

Has moved to more commodious quarters at 49 Center Street and has taken the agency for the celebrated Appello incandescent Gas Lamps and Mantles.

Lamps \$1.00. Mantles 25c.

THE GRAPHOPHONE

The most fascinating invention of the age. Always ready to entertain. It requires no skill to operate it and reproduces the music of bands, orchestras, vocalists or instrumental soloists. There is nothing like it for an evening's entertainment at home or in the social gathering. You can sing or talk to it and it will reproduce immediately and as often as desired, your songs or words.

Other so-called talking machines reproduce only records of cut and dried subjects, specially prepared in a laboratory; but the Graphophone is not limited to such performances. On the Graphophone you can make and instantly reproduce records of the voice, or any sound. Thus it constantly awakens new interest and its charm is ever fresh. The reproductions are clear and brilliant.

Graphophones are sold for \$10 and up

Manufactured under the patents of Bell,ainter, Edison and Gramophone. Our establishment is headquarters of the world for Graphophone and Talking Machine Supplies. Write for catalogue.

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The Transcript

DAILY—Issued every afternoon (except Sundays) at four o'clock; 12 cents a week, 50 cents a month, \$6 a year.
 WEEKLY—Issued every Thursday morning, \$1 a year in advance.

BY THE
 TRANSCRIPT PUBLISHING COMPANY,
 C. T. FAIRFIELD, Editor and Manager.
 FROM
 THE TRANSCRIPT BUILDING, BANK STREET,
 NORTH ADAMS, MASS.

Known to what record of sin awaits me in the other world; but this I do know, that I never was so mean as to despise a man because he was poor; because he was ignorant, or because he was black.
 —John A. Andrew.

MEMBERS ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The latest telegraphic dispatches from all parts of the world are received exclusively by THE TRANSCRIPT up to the hour of going to press.

"WE HOLD THE WESTERN GATEWAY."
 From the Seal of the city of North Adams.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 8, '98.

Advertisers in THE TRANSCRIPT are the best business men in this community. Their advertisements are worth reading, and they are the firms with whom to trade most advantageously.

Communications on live topics are solicited by THE TRANSCRIPT. They must be signed (not necessarily for publication) and be brief, to insure printing.



Stand by the Flag and President.

REBUKED.

There was room for nothing but surprise in the library developments at the city council meeting Tuesday evening. Surprised not at the action of the council, which was expected, but at the announcement of over \$4,000 excess in the expenditures of the trustees without any conceivable authority. The trustees kept it from the public as long as possible, their nearest admission to the truth being that it was "something over \$3,000." They did not even inform the mayor of the situation when asking for a recommendation. It is hardly possible that they hoped to conceal the matter permanently, yet their temporary concealment but emphasized the real wrong of promising the city's money without authority.

The other charges, notably that of carelessness in spending the money, while serious, were in a measure answered by the report of the committee which investigated the affair. The public which clamored to know why \$10,000 did not do more very evidently have not known how much \$10,000 did. Those who do know something of the conditions at the library are not fully convinced of the economy used there, but the trustees are entitled to the benefit of the doubt in view of the committee's report. It is not necessary to ensure those who may have been careless when they have been untrustworthy.

But the rebuke for the real offense was thoroughly administered and strong. The trustees were inexcusable and no attempt was made to excuse them. The city council cannot refuse to grant the money needed, but they will do so with the express provision that its expenditure shall be taken from the hands of the trustees, which would naturally have come to the trustees. That body has been censured, with the full approval of every councilman and every taxpayer.

HOPELESS SPAIN.

The intercepted letter, which is likely to prove serious for Lieut. Carranza, chief of spies of Spain, in Canada, adds to the evidence already in hand of the hopelessness of Spain in the war with the United States. Robbed at home, cursed by incompetent officials, moneyless, creditless, confronting only defeat, Carranza's advice to make peace at once, is seemingly the wisest thing possible for the wrecked kingdom of Castile and Leon. But Mr. Carranza is fully aware of the temper of the people of the United States and that it is doubtful, even now, if the terms of peace would be less than the surrender of Cuba to the Cubans, and Porto Rico to the United States.

The policy of the administration is clearly to make Porto Rico, no matter what shall be the future of Cuba, an American possession, and that Spain must give up that possession. Spain's case is hopeless. Each day that the war is prolonged it becomes more so. Carranza is right. Peace will have a price. It will be at the lowest figure an end to Spanish rule in the Western hemisphere—with the Philippine question to be settled later.

Now that Carranza is bottled and corked and in a fair way to starve to death as an alternative to surrendering, the news may be expected that Porto Rico will be occupied by the troops of the United States. It is to be hoped that Carranza is a sure enough prophet, even though of evil to his own country.

The Spaniards appear to be still taking captive the glory of sinking the Merrimac.

Judging from Spain's frequent complaints to the powers she is a very hard nation to suit.

Ira D. Sankey is with the boys at Tampa. That means that they will have good singing to soften the hard task.

For a week local politicians will steam and fume over the coming vacancy in the city council. Hot weather is cruelly on the momentous occasions.

Constructor-Lieutenant Hobson has covered himself with glory and honor notwithstanding the fact that he graduated at the head of his class.

Those who give Mr. Bryan no credit for military experience have forgotten how he fired the hearts of the delegates and captured a whole convention.

The city has had experience enough in borrowing money to make so many orders, rescindings, and counter orders, seem awkward. Almost any "lend me five" man could do it more gracefully.

When Sampson sinks the stone or coal laden hulls across the harbor of Santiago, he might put a few concussion torpedoes in the cargoes of the wrecks, to give the Spaniards a healthy regard for the obstructions.

Appropriations to the amount of \$19,500 after the year is so far advanced naturally discourages an administration that started out with the idea of economy. Especially in view of the way in which \$9,000 of it was made necessary.

Congratulations are in order to the local editor who will occupy a reserved seat in the jury box at the next sitting of the superior court. He is the first to suffer under the recent law that removes editorial privileges in escaping.

A subscriber writes to enquire if ice bills contracted before the ice reports is filed are legal. Yes, undoubtedly. The ice-men should not be made to suffer unnecessarily except by the board of health which seems to be a privileged body.

Many important matters were introduced at the city council meeting this week, but the library matter overshadowed all others. Having discussed that one more or less fully, it is probable that next week other important appropriations will receive due consideration.

OUR NEW YORK LETTER

IS SLOANE'S HITHERTO MARVELOUS POWER AS A JOCKEY WANNING?

The Sporting Public Looks to See Him Ride Himself, as He Has More Than Once In the Past, by a Series of Victories Won Under Adverse Circumstances.

NEW YORK, June 8.—[Special.]—The admirers of Mr. James T. Sloane, professionally known as Tod Sloane, are not yet over the blue funk into which they were thrown the other day when, mounted on Lehman at Gravesend, he "rode like an amateur," making a "weird and fearful exhibition" which lost the race and convinced every one that lapses may be the occasional lot even of an idolized popular jockey.

As to whether his ill luck—some call it stupidity if nothing worse—on that day has reduced the price which he can command for his services I have not been informed, but certain it is that there has rarely been a more sorrowful, disgusted lot of men in this town or anywhere hereabout than those who backed their belief on Sloane by betting on him in that race. That loss caused a temporary slump in his prestige is unquestioned, and while, of course, he may eventually win his old place in the hearts of racegoers by good work in the future it may take him some time to do so, and the reinstating victories will have to be won on relatively poor mounts. To push a great horse to the front will not be sufficient. He must win a few times in circumstances that would mean failure to most other jockeys.

Tod Sloane's Perseverance.

That he will succeed in this is not doubted by those who know him best. In justification of this faith they point to the fact that he has gone to the front in seven races since his "weird exhibition." They also tell how a few years ago after winning the highest reputation in the west he came east and failed completely, yet two or three years later regained his reputation here by winning a larger percentage of mounts than any other jockey then riding.

Sloane's mental anguish the year of his unsuccessful attempt to place himself to the front among the jockeys—it was in 1893, I think—was said to have been intense. He had mounted after mount, only to experience defeat after defeat. He rode so badly at Morris park that the authorities suspended him for incompetency. But he persevered in the face of repeated disaster, until finally at the Monmouth meeting he was entrusted with a seat on the back of the big imported horse Ben Strone, only to make a complete fizzle, if that were possible, than any that had gone before. That failure wound up his riding in the east that year, and he went back to the west accounted an emphatic failure as a jockey.

New York racing men do not seem to know how well he succeeded in the west in the years immediately following his retreat from the east, but they agree that he must have done a lot of thinking and studying, for when he came here again in 1896 his form seemed much improved. He surely astonished certain observers, who, banking on his previous poor work here, but systematically against the horses he rode, almost to tears, for it seemed that a carpenter's sawhorse might stand some show of winning if only Sloane could be hired to bestride him. Much of his success that year was due to the advice and counsel of George E. Smith, "Pittsburg Phil."

This ingenious gentleman, who has known what it is to be down as well as up in the world, put in a good deal of his time in the winter of 1895-6 watching Sloane's work in California, and was firmly convinced that he only needed another eastern chance to win a thoroughgoing success.

Sloane's Unparalleled Career.

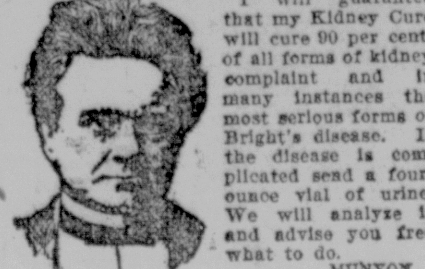
The career of Tod Sloane since the beginning of the eastern racing season of 1896 has never been paralleled. Even the late Fred Archer of England, at one time the idol of the sporting world in two continents, scored no such success, either now or then.

FROM LOWELL, MASS.

The Home of Hood's Sarsaparilla—A Wonderful Cure.

"A swelling as big as a large marble came under my tongue. Physicians said it was a semi-transparent tumor and must be operated upon. I felt I could not stand it, and as spring came I began to take my favorite spring tonic, Hood's Sarsaparilla. The tumor gradually decreased and finally disappeared. I have had no sign of its return. I am glad to praise Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. H. M. COBURN, 8 Union St., Lowell, Mass. Get HOOD'S Hood's Pills cure Sick Headache. 25c.

MUNYON'S



KIDNEY CURE

I will guarantee that my Kidney Cure will cure 99 per cent of all forms of kidney complaint and in many instances the most serious forms of Bright's disease. If the disease is complicated send a four-ounce vial of urine. We will analyze it and advise you free what to do.

MUNYON.
 At all druggists, 25c. a vial. Order by mail and medical advice free. 1505 Arch St., Phila.

professionally or socially, as Sloane did on the other side last year. But the beginning of his racing there was marked by failure to make St. Cloud win the Cesarewitch. In fact, the horse was misplaced, and the English turf writers poked no end of fun at the American jockey, declaring that such riding as he was able to do might be good enough for America, but it wouldn't pay a little bit in England.

They termed his riding "funny" and followed the application of that adjective by the hazard that he would soon return to "the States" as he had previously returned to the west. But later they changed their tune, for Sloane's "funny" riding quickly showed itself to be of the winning quality, and he repeated his American successes of the year before in riding mounts to a larger proportion of victories than any English jockey of that or any other year.

Sloane's well known devotion to dress

must be the result of vanity, pure and simple, since neither it nor his swell ways in general can possibly contribute one iota to his success in a race or the avidity with which his services are sought by owners. Yet he has always seemed to make a tremendous point of his clothes and the papers have exploited them for years. Even the period of his failure as a jockey on the eastern tracks was no exception to the general rule that Tod Sloane's wardrobe should be written up and illustrated about once in so often by every journal east or west making any pretensions to up-to-dateness in sporting matters.

An Independent Little Chap.

In some respects Tod Sloane differs from all other jockeys, especially from those of the English brand. He has no holier respect for persons of prominence. No jockey had ever been known to dwell in a first class London hotel till he went to the British capital, but he put up at the Cecil, quite as well as the Waldorf-Astoria.

All prominent jockeys had of course been held as privileged characters among titled Englishmen, but there was undoubtedly a fine dash of patronage in the attentions that were shown them. Sloane was glad to make friends with the nobility, of course, but he wouldn't put up with any obvious condescension, and when sought out by the representative of a British sporting paper he expressed himself with such freedom regarding certain prominent persons, heing down especially on old Pierre Lorillard for his extraordinary remarks about American racing methods, that at the close of his article the English reporter amazedly wrote, "What a remarkable little man!"

He undoubtedly has his enemies; but, on the whole, the racing public wishes to see Sloane get back his old form completely and quickly.

Dexter Marshall.

TIPS FROM THE BAT.

Two errors in 15 games show that Herman Long is putting up a remarkably steady game.

Donovan of Pittsburg has stolen as many bases as the remainder of the team put together.

The Chicago club rules require morning practice and forbid gambling, especially betting on horse races.

The veteran Stivett is ready for either outfield or infield duty should accident befall any of the regulars.

McBride has beaten out more bunts than any man on the Cincinnati team. His fast running is of great assistance to him in this.

Every member of the Louisville team has learned the sign language, and they have many a warm argument with "Dummy" Hoy, the silent one.

Catcher Kelley of the Tannons, who is a Woburn boy, has become a great favorite in the former city. His back-stopping and throwing are excellent, and he is hitting the ball finely.

Louisville will not waive claim to Pitcher Damman, who has been sent to Indianapolis, and it is thought that the little south paw will be seen in a Louisville uniform for the remainder of the season.

Kitsen is a perfect specimen of the farmer, and when Hamilton first saw him on his arrival he muttered, "Gold brick." Hamilton wanted to get rid of Kitsen last fall, but Robinson urged him to hold on.

"Dummy" Hoy is still off on judgment on ground balls. He manages to gather in everything above, however, and hits the ball about as usual. In all his baseball career Hoy has never been known to talk back to an umpire.

It is a peculiar fact that the Bostonians lost every game in which the new pennant was displayed on the South End grounds in Boston—two to New York and one to Baltimore. It was then hauled in, and the club played winning ball afterward.

A veteran umpire says that there are just two men in the National league who as an almost moral certainty touch their men—Jennings and Gleason. The rest "lay away from their heels," touch their men and make the boys good.

The Delehanty family of Shanty Town, Cleveland, is very numerous in professional baseball this year, as four brothers are in the game. Ed Delehanty, the heavy hitting outfielder, one of the most valuable men in the major league, is still with Philadelphia.

Zulu and His Medal.

The London Spectator tells the story of a Russian poodle that slept in the basement of a house in London. One night he went up to the top of the house and awoke one of the servants. She let him into the room, but he would not allow her to sleep. At last she got up and went out into the hall, to find that there was a light, showing that there was fire somewhere on the floor. All the family were got out of the house, Zulu—for that was the dog's name—going out with the children. This action of the dog saved not only the family but the house from destruction, and one of the insurance companies in London has presented the dog with a silver medal on which is his name.

THE LAST LEAGUES.

It was sundown in Santa Rosalia. The rainy season was on in Cuba, and low rumbling thunder had been heard all the afternoon—that is, the people who lived in the little cluster of palm thatched houses called Santa Rosalia thought it was thunder. And so it was—the distant roar of Spanish artillery, that came up from the south.

One little cottage stood by the roadside, some distance apart from the others. It was the home of the Monodas. The father, Jose, was dead. He had fallen a victim to the last—the Ten Years'—war. Three sons were left to carry on the fight, and they were with Brig Lopez Reelo. Only mother and Emelia, the sister, a little girl of 12 years, were left at home to watch and pray to God to give aid to the Cubans in their struggle for liberty.

Suddenly the noise of clattering hoofs came from the southwest. The still night air bore the unmistakable sound with distinctness. In an instant every head was at the open door. Nearer and nearer came the galloping rider. He was alone. His horse was covered with foam and panting like a fired hound. Up to the little gate of the Moncada cottage he staggered, and then his rider reeled and almost fell into the arms of his mother.

"My God, Rafael—you are wounded, my boy!"

"It is no matter. I can still ride. The battle of Saratoga is raging. I am on my way to Colonel Pena. He does not know of it. We need him and his cavalry. Help me to a fresh horse and I'll catch Pena at Santa Lucia tonight. I must!"—and then he fainted.

When he revived, he insisted on making forward, and fainted twice in making the effort. A third time he essayed it, and was just able to say, "Emelia, go and tell Guido to saddle my mare Linda," when he fell back again as Emelia left the room.

A few moments later Guido, the half-witted black boy, wandered aimlessly into the room.

"Where is the horse—where is Emelia?" inquired her brother.

"Gone," replied the boy.

"Gone? Where?" came from all present.

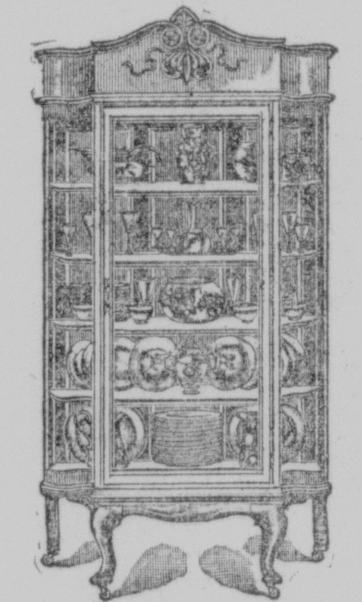
"I dunno. She said somethin' 'bout St. Lucia, jumped on Linda's back, and looks to me as how she's gone."

And so she was. The brave little Emelia, although not a soldier of Cuba, had taken her brother's place. She had gone to get Pena, to tell him that the fight between Gomez and the Spanish general Castellanos, was on at Saratoga and that every Cuban in Camaguey was needed.

On the little heroine rode in the darkness of the night. She had been born and raised in the country, and she knew the way to Santa Lucia, although she had never before traveled in the dark. But she was riding to save her brother's life and for Cuba. Darkness, danger, nothing daunted her. Bareheaded and alone, she urged her horse over the road at a pace which would have made most girls tremble with fear.

Not even when an hour later the tropical storm broke in all its fury around her did she hesitate. Lightning striking the tall "palma reales" caused Linda many a time to shy and almost bolt the road, but the brave little rider held on and never loosened rein until in sight of Pena's campfires.

Only \$30.



If beauty be the right cue, examine this China Closet. It lies as near to true art as anything in furniture can.

It is all scaled to a cost of \$45, but we have marked it at \$30 to serve as an immediate introduction to our richly appointed stock of dining-room furniture. The wood is selected white oak, finely finished and richly decorated with hand carving. The tall side lights are of French curved glass. The cabinet is practically dust proof.

The back is elaborately paneled, giving a very rich effect. There are five shelves, four of them being adjustable. They are doubly grooved and fitted with double rows of overhead brass hooks.

Here is the chance of a lifetime to frame your china and glass in a way at once inexpensive, yet exceedingly attractive. We supply it also in mahogany.

Green & Waterman,

283 River St., Troy, N. Y.

Free Lessons in Embroidery

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I. NAGAHAMA,

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Side Entrance.

Every Day. Classes Now Open From 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Ladies who wish to enjoy the benefit of these absolutely free classes should register early.

35 cents

Dr. Hooker's Cough & Croup Syrup

Children are serious things. They had to be cured. A cold is the seed of consumption. Croup is a cold's half-brother—this generally comes by cold, and many a little life has been snuffed out by it because the proper remedy was not used.

Dr. Hooker's Cough & Croup Syrup

Given relief at once. It has saved thousands of lives. Every mother should see that it stays in the house. Don't wait until you need it—that may be too late. Cough no more—absolutely safe—recommended by physicians for 50 years. Made only by Charles B. Kingsley, Northampton, Mass.

at Drug Stores

"Marianne" suddenly called out the picture.

"Cathie" answered the little patriotess. She reined up her panting steed.

"Adulterous man!" ordered the guard, and Emelia, pale, wet and dripping, rode forward.

"Carranito! He is a child. Who are you? What do you want?"

"I am Emelia Moncada. I want to tell Colonel Pena that there is battle at Saratoga. General Gomez has only 530 men against over 2,000 Spaniards, and he needs help."

A few minutes later, almost fainting with fatigue and nervous strain, she was borne into the presence of Pena.

"Dios mio!" he exclaimed, as he listened to her story, and then gave the signal for his command to mount.

"You poor little thing, you should be abed and asleep." Wrapping his coat around her little, trembling, wet form, he jumped into his saddle and had an officer pass the child up to him. The order was given to march, and in his arms the fighting colonel of Camaguey carried the heroine back to her home.

"Take her," he said, as he handed her over to her half crazed mother. "She brought us the news. I'll speak of her to General Gomez. She deserves the rank of a major general. She has saved her brother's life, and her brave deed may win the day at Saratoga."—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Citizens Evening Line

TROY TO NEW YORK.

PALACE STEAMERS: Saratoga, Capt. T. D. Abram; City of Troy, Capt. C. D. Wolcott.

Leave Troy daily at 7.30 p. m. (Satur days excepted) or on arrival of evening trains Sundays at 6 p. m.

Brilliantly lighted throughout by electricity.

Powerful searchlight added to each steamer.

Fare always lower than by any other route.

The only line issuing excursion tickets to New York for \$2.50 (good for 30 days) Elegant family rooms \$1 and \$2.

The best and quickest route for freight shipments to and from New York.

Citizens Line and Pittsburgh railroad. G. W. HORTON, GEO. W. GIBSON, Vice-Pres. Gen'l Passenger Agt. Troy, N. Y.

Fred J. Nichols & Co.

GRADING AND SODDING

Neatly and promptly done. Would solicit a share of your patronage.

131 WEST MAIN ST., North Adams, Mass.

BERKSHIRE CYCLE CO.



AND STILL IT GROWS!

The Pile of Empty Crates of the Berkshire's 1898 Sales.

The steady rise in our business barometer is due to the fact that we give the best values at the lowest prices.

WE OFFER

A special lot of \$100 Stearns "Yellow Fellows" at the unheard of price of \$37.

The reliable Eagle at \$40.

Brand new single steering double diamond Stearns tandems at a special price of \$85.

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Boston Store. Boston Store.

NORTH ADAMS, JUNE 8, 1898.

WEATHER—Fair weather tonight and Thursday; southwest winds.

THE

GREAT SALE

Is now going on. Do not fail to take advantage of the wonderful sellings

Just one item—

25 dozen summer corsets, all styles, all sizes, suitable for any figure. A regular

50c Corset.

You would be satisfied with them at that price, but our price is

39 Cents.

BOSTON STORE

Blackinton Block.

"Forgotten all the Geography I Ever Knew."

Then brush up on the subject. Get one of the Transcript Wall Maps—5 1-2 feet long by 4 feet wide, printed on extra heavy paper, mounted on rolls, already to hang—one of the best maps published by Rand, McNally & Co., the largest map publishing concern in the country. Printed on both sides; the United States on one side; on the other a complete map of the world. Counties, railroads, rivers, towns, etc., all correctly located. Such a map will enable you to follow the world's news intelligently and will be an educator for the children.

FOR ONE DOLLAR we will give one of these magnificent maps, together with THE DAILY TRANSCRIPT delivered by carrier or sent by mail. Or if already a subscriber, you can secure the map upon payment of 75 cent accompanied by 12 coupons clipped from any issue of THE TRANSCRIPT.

The Transcript Publishing Co., North Adams, Mass.

BERKSHIRE CYCLE CO.

AND STILL IT GROWS!

The Pile of Empty Crates of the Berkshire's 1898 Sales.

The steady rise in our business barometer is due to the fact that we give the best values at the lowest prices.

WE OFFER

A special lot of \$100 Stearns "Yellow Fellows" at the unheard of price of \$37.

The reliable Eagle at \$40.

Brand new single steering double diamond Stearns tand

NEW ASHFORD.

The services last Sunday were conducted in the M. E. church by the Rev. H. Cummings of Housack Falls. His discourse was very able and interesting.

The fruit season looks very favorable in this vicinity, the trees being laden with blossoms, but the rainy weather makes it unfavorable.

Howard Drew is recovering from the blood poison in his hands.

E. P. Beach and wife spent last Sunday in Cheshire.

The grass crop is looking fine and bids fair to be a heavy yield.

Wesley Miller has gone to Pittsfield to work in the ice business.

HALIFAX.

Rev. Mr. Streeter preached the Memorial day sermon at the Congregational church last Sunday. The church was prettily decorated and well filled.

Miss Mabel Goodenough spent Decoration day with her parents in West Littleboro.

Myron Crosier spent Sunday and Monday in town.

WEST CUMMINGTON.

The spring has been a little late and backward, and all cultivated crops are feeling the general depression in that direction.

Some friction has been caused here of late by bicycle riding contrary to law.

The second annual gathering of the Old Folks' association will be held at the hotel hall, Wednesday, June 15. All who are over 60 years of age are eligible to membership.

Lauman Snow is president and Wm. G. Atkins secretary of the association.

Wm. G. Atkins attended the golden wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Loria Baras of Goshen last Saturday. There were about 200 present and the occasion was very enjoyable.

Among the guests were Charles Stetson and wife of Ashfield, who were married at the same time and place, by a magistrate in Lebanon, N. Y. At that time a state law required people intending marriage to be "published" or "cried" and it seems that these two young couples did not wish so much publicity, and quietly went out of the state to be married.

The golden wedding was held at her old Baras homestead, the residence of ex-Councilor Alvan Baras, which has been occupied by the family for 33 years and has many historic associations connected with it.

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swamp pinks were in blossom here, blossoms this year.

Mrs. J. E. B. Bowen visited at F. M. Thompson's Saturday.

Within a very few weeks F. M. Thompson has lost two cows by death.

STAMFORD.

Rev. A. L. Powell from Hancock will give an entertainment on the evening of June 7 at the town hall also the same evening the ladies' aid of the Methodist society will have a strawberry festival in the parlors of the church.

The Baptist society holds a strawberry festival next Friday evening.

Miss Theresa Ebert, who has been quite ill, is now gaining.

Mr. and Mrs. Carol Wilbur from North Adams spent several days here.

Lewis Stafford remains about the same. Rev. F. O. Winans preached in Pownal last Sunday.

Charles Bridges is recovering from the malaria.

Children's day on June 12 will be observed with exercises by the Sunday school. They will be in the evening at the Methodist church.

Improvements are being made in the village cemetery.

THE CHARGE OF DARGAL GAP.

Buildings! Hark! Did your course pale? Buildings! Hark! Did your glory pale? What of the slanders that says "Decayed!" And "gone to the dogs since the Light Brigade?"

For the blood and the bone that humbled Nap, 'Twas there again, boys, in the Dargal gap.

Did you hear the swish of the flying shot, The roll of the drum and the rattle of the pot, The music that rose clear o'er that yell And thrilled through the ranks and stirred us well?

Kiss highland laddie, head up and step forth A crown of glory—cock of the north!

You cock of the north, ah, pipe away, The trumpet sounds, and you've won the day! You may lean your back against comrades now, They'll maul your lips and they'll kiss your brow.

For they fought like men, and a man may weep When he lays a man to his last long sleep.

Buildings who sleep on the Dargal ridge, Fall all! Quick march! And over the bridge! The pipe's a-shed and the same old air To pipe you to heaven and veterans there! And you'll tell the bullocks who humbled Nap The glorious story of Dargal gap.

—Richard Mansfield in New York Times.

A GIRL'S REVENGE.

BY CHARLES B. LEWIS.

Nancy Jones, as everybody called her, had been brought up to the age of 20 by a widowed mother. Owing to her masculine looks and deportment all the young men gave her a wide berth. It was said she had no womanly feelings, and the idea of her ever falling in love was laughed to scorn. And yet only a few days after I saw her for the first time that very thing happened.

There came to the town of Stratford as an employee of the bank a young man named Charles Fletcher, and at their very first meeting, which was a business affair, the young woman was smitten with his good looks. Fletcher was 25 years old, and although flattered by the young woman's preference for him, was not ready to fall in love with her. Indeed, although in time he escorted her about, and was a frequent visitor at her home, he denied that his intentions were serious.

She, however, was determined to have Fletcher for her husband and became so jealous of him as to excite public ridicule. In time he resented her bondage and sought to break with her, and it was this action which caused the tragedy I am about to relate.

When the young woman became thoroughly convinced that she had lost her lover, she insisted that he visit her upon a certain evening to have a "talk." Fletcher had been cowed and ridiculed by his fellow employees until he hated the name of the woman. He was willing to see her once more and have it over, but not willing that any of his friends should know he was going to the house. He pretended to call elsewhere to mislead them, and when something was being said next morning he gave the name of a party he had called upon the evening before.

Twenty-four hours later he was under arrest for the murder of Nancy Jones, and a hundred men were searching for her body.

Fletcher's story was straight and clear, but unfortunately it served to convict him. He had gone out to Fern Castle, as the young woman had romantically named the few acres he had bought, and had been comely received. Miss Jones confessed freely that she loved him, but as willingly declared that she was unable to reciprocate, they would part friends and continue to respect each other. Supper was served and while being waited upon by the domestic Miss Jones made use of several singular expressions. She announced in an abrupt manner that she was leaving to go into town. She had plotted to revenge herself on Fletcher, and she gloried in the fact that she had caused him great trouble and driven him to his death. For weeks and weeks she had worked as a stable boy, and her sex had been unsuspected, but it needed a detective with brains to find the clue to unravel the case. I do not recall the technical details of the case, which she was charged, but she was put on trial, convicted and sent to prison for seven years. It was accounted one of the most singular cases in legal jurisprudence, and it was the general opinion that had Fletcher lived and the woman remained undisturbed for a few weeks longer he would have been duly convicted and executed.

legal action that there can be no murder unless a dead body is found. Fletcher was held to the assizes as a murderer. He alone had a motive to kill Miss Jones. If he didn't kill her, what had become of her? Out of a thousand people not over five doubted the young man's guilt, and they doubted more because the body could not be found rather than that they believed in him. In the course of a fortnight 600 people entered into the search for the body, and had a dead cat been covered within three miles of Fern Castle they must have found it.

Up to the time the search was abandoned the case was in the hands of the local police. When they could not find the body, a detective from London was called down. This man was expected to accomplish great things at once, and he stayed the whole county up by finding a clew within an hour after taking hold of the case. He boldly claimed that Fletcher had conveyed the body to Stratford river and had then driven back to restore her and wagon to the owner. Everybody fell in with the idea at once, and as a consequence the river was dragged for miles until it gave up its last snag. The body was not to be found. The detective then suggested that the victim had been burned by a fire in the woods, but that was going too far and he was discharged from the case. Fletcher was arraigned at the assizes, and according to law he should have been set at liberty, but popular feeling was so intense that his case was adjourned to give the crown more time to complete its search. A reward of \$250 was offered to any one who should discover the body, and people living 15 or 20 miles from the scene went about looking into ditches and beating up the woods.

I have not mentioned that Fletcher had relatives in London who were wealthy and influential. They believed in him from the first and employed counsel for him, and by and by a first class private detective was sent down to work in his interest. People wondered what he could do, but he didn't worry over that. He started in by believing the young man's story. A photograph of Miss Jones was shown him, and he sized her up very speedily. Fletcher and the domestic agreed exactly as to the queer expressions Miss Jones had used—dragged in for the benefit of the girl. She must have been planning when she did that, and what more natural than to believe she was planning a revenge on Fletcher? She had suggested a queer walk after dark, she had shrieked out with needless energy, she had brought him home by another route. All these things counted with the detective, and all counted in Fletcher's favor.

As a first step in the actual work of unraveling the mystery the detective drove to the several towns around Stratford and in each case his business was with men who sold clothes at a certain store, saying they were for her brother. It was a working suit, and now, as the detective began to ride back and forth across the country, he called at all the roadside inns and carefully looked over all the stable boys. Meanwhile Fletcher was taken sick with brain fever, and though given the best medical attendance, he grew worse and worse and finally died. When first taken ill, he declared his innocence of the crime imputed to him, and an hour before his death, when the coming of the grim destroyer brought him a quick interval, he related his declarations.

As the horse containing Fletcher's body took its way to the depot to ship the remains to London for burial, the detective drove up to the county jail with a stable boy on the seat beside him. That stable boy, arrested at an inn 16 miles away, was none other than Miss Nancy Jones, very much alive in the flesh, though masquerading in male attire. She had plotted to revenge herself on Fletcher, and she gloried in the fact that she had caused him great trouble and driven him to his death. For weeks and weeks she had worked as a stable boy, and her sex had been unsuspected, but it needed a detective with brains to find the clue to unravel the case. I do not recall the technical details of the case, which she was charged, but she was put on trial, convicted and sent to prison for seven years. It was accounted one of the most singular cases in legal jurisprudence, and it was the general opinion that had Fletcher lived and the woman remained undisturbed for a few weeks longer he would have been duly convicted and executed.

Not a Coward.

Nervous excitement is responsible for much that might pass for cowardice. The author of "A Cuban Expedition" speaks of one dreadful day when he and his comrades sat in a wet ditch and waited, concealed, while the Spaniards were so near that escape seemed almost possible. The discomfort of our predicament—up to the middle in mud and water, with the rain pouring down on us—was at the moment muffled in our excitement and eagerness in watching the enemy. Little Joe Storey, who was next to me, was trembling all over. Suddenly he grasped my arm and whispered:

"Oh, what shall I do? I must scream or die off my ring. I can't help it!"

I too felt that he would do either the one or the other, and I whispered back the first thing that occurred to me.

"Storey," I said, "if you make the least noise, I'll stab you to death!"

Then I told him to keep his eyes closed and try to think of something else until he heard the first shot fired. After that he might shout as loudly as he liked. I put one arm about his neck and drew him close to me. There, trembling, he rested like a quiet child. Presently his excitement wore off, and he became used to the situation. Then he was heartily ashamed of his breakdown.

But Storey was not a coward. He was a gallant little soul in action, and only his tortured nerves were responsible for this temporary revolt.

Most Satisfying Subject of All.

He (serenely)—Take dress, servants and children out of the conversation of your sex and what subjects would you have left?

She (contentedly)—Our friends.—Town Topics.

Reform in Racing Suits.

One of the past disgraces of the bicycle track has been the slovenly appearance of many of the riders and a large majority of the trainers, who have presented themselves before the spectators in scant and filthy costume that has caused many a spectator to turn away in disgust. While this question is covered in the rules of the League of American Wheelmen, it has been persistently overlooked by the officials at the meetings, and the practice has become so common that numbers of the fair sex have declined to attend many of the important race meets for this reason. The uniforms of the members of the National Track association team will be finely woven goods, the sweater being particularly novel. Instead of fastening down the front, as many of them do, these sweaters open on the shoulder and when fastened on fit closely and look extremely neat. The sleeves are of full length and absolutely no advertising will mar their appearance. The trunks will come to the knee and will be close fitting. The uniforms will be of light blue, trimmed with dark blue.—New York Telegram.

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CONSTIPATION

"I have gone 14 days at a time without a movement of the bowels, not being able to move them except by using hot water injections. Chronic constipation for seven years placed me in this terrible condition; during that time I did everything I heard of but never found any relief; such was my case until I began using CASCARET. I now have from one to three passages a day, and if I was rich I would give \$1000 for each movement; it is such a relief."

108 Russell St., Detroit, Mich.

CANDY CATHARTIC

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Grip. No. 30, 50c.

... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...

Beets with you whether you continue the use of CASCARET or not, it will remove the desire for tobacco, with its attendant evils, and will give you a healthy, robust, and happy life.

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NAVAL HEROES AT SHORT RANGE

How the Brightest Stars of Our Navy
Impressed a Young Man Who Was
Brought Into Close Daily
Contact With Them.

BY ALBERT P. SOUTHWICK.

(Copyright, 1898.)
The following recollections are of many gallant officers of the United States navy with whom as a boy I came in frequent contact more than 20 years ago and are consequently youthful impressions strengthened in several instances by personal knowledge of these gentlemen since that time. A strong friendship exists between some of them and the writer, and this article therefore has been prepared with confidence.

The naval warrior who was, unfortunately for himself, and for the country he loved, as his patriotism is of the sterling kind—relieved from active duty as commander of the north Atlantic squadron, being incapacitated by prolonged illness from fulfilling the duties of the position, must have had additionally a saddened mental strain in knowing that his physical condition had forced him out of the post in which he gloried. Montgomery Seward is a born fighter. His fearless record in the civil war proves that, and though quiet, modest and unassuming, the roar of cannon

and the boom of 13 inch guns are as pleasant music to his ears.

A quarter of a century ago he was of medium build, with large black eyes, heavy coarse black hair, full beard and a dark skin that showed his French extraction. That he was born near Tarrytown the writer knows, for he made the remark incidentally as on a summer cruise up the Hudson to West Point the frigate went tacking across the Zuyder Zee.

A rear admiral since April 6, 1897, and his retirement coming on the 30th of September next, he must feel sorely grieved that fortune snatched from his grasp the opportunity perhaps to duplicate Dewey's great stroke.

The man next to him in class rank, very small in stature and size, Rear Admiral Edmund O. Matthews, has always been sensible enough to avoid any attempt at pomposity of demeanor, for it would have subjected him to a storm of ridicule. He has held his present rank since June 19, 1897, and will be retired on Oct. 24, this year. As the chronicles of naval history relate, he did brave work from 1861 to 1865, but his

tendencies are of the investigating order, and on the first attempts of the government to develop the torpedo as an arm of war this fair haired, blue eyed youth in appearance, with scant tawny mustache, was placed in charge of the experimental depot. He was then at the Naval academy, but later at the regular torpedo station at Newport, and has been at various times in control of different departments, his last command being as chief of the bureau of yards and docks, Washington.

While Seward was quietly good natured, Matthews was manifestly so and seemed to enjoy the very fact of living, the possessor of the happy disposition that is given to so few.

Rear Admiral Francis M. Bunce is quite different from the other two. He is more "showy," has a more impressive personality and carries in his daily life the dignity of a naval chief, though he is the personification of bonhomie to his intimates. His term of office will be very short, as he attained his present rank in February and will be retired on Christmas day, 1898.

John A. Howell years ago impressed one as a "don't care, easy going" sort of fellow, free from thought of the morrow. Nevertheless he was a man who loved conflict with the enemy, and

his record demonstrates that he never took any particular pains to get away from a struggle where the chances were greatly against him. He must have chafed in his position as commander of the European squadron, where there was no martial strife, and regretted that precedence or influence sent him instead of to the Pacific, for both Dewey were anxious applicants for an ideal thing for naval officers in the Mediterranean. He was bluff and reminds you of a son of a gun, while his heart is as tender as that of a child. He is now No. 2 on the list of commodores, but will become a rear admiral on Aug. 10.

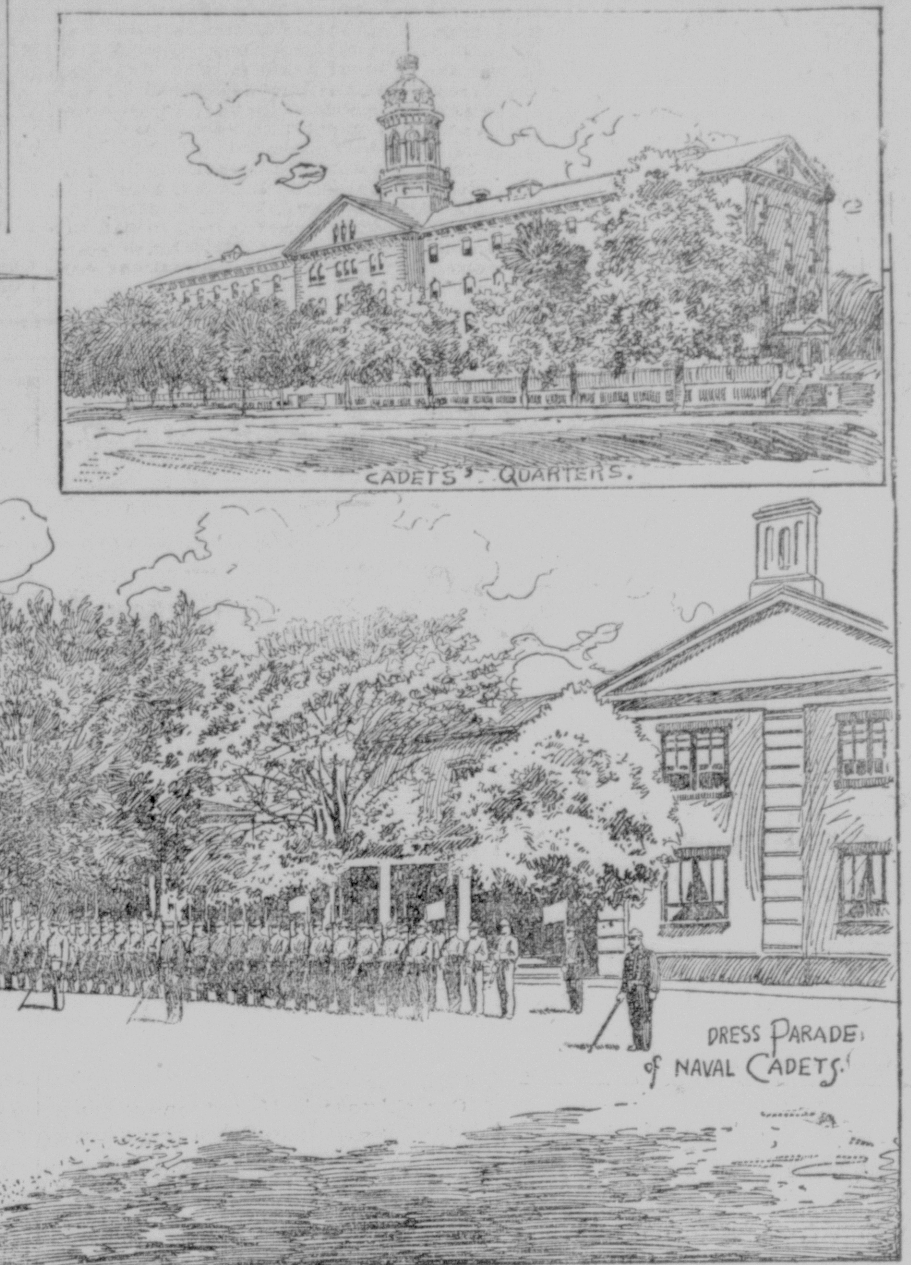
George Dewey may or may not have lost the strong nasal tone that evidenced

There isn't a better officer in the United States navy today. Silas Casey, brother of the famous General Casey of the corps of engineers of the army who died a year or two ago, is now No. 1 in the grade of captain. He is the same stern, unbending character he has always been. The brownish red hair and the sandy mustache have both been snow white for ten years, while his physique does not seem to have changed an iota for a quarter of a century.

Then comes William T. Sampson, second on the list of captains. He is strong and big and brave, as the episode in Charleston harbor on the monitor Patapsco in January, 1865, proved him to be. He looked like a man of science

and had whiskers of exactly the same cut, though he was taller and broader. With blue eyes and very fair complexion, he had the bearing of a Wall street magnate, and the casual observer would never have suspected that he was one of the best officers in the best navy in the world. Admiral Luce, despite his literary leanings, was easily approached and was very popular in Annapolis.

These were indeed a set of gentlemen of unusual kindness of heart and urbanity of demeanor, not one of whom ever exhibited the slightest pomposity or revealed the weakness of self conceit. That was left to the midshipman and the full fledged ensign who were unduly impressed with their greatness. The



SCENES ABOUT THE UNITED STATES NAVAL ACADEMY.

SIDE ARMS OF THE ARMY AND NAVY.

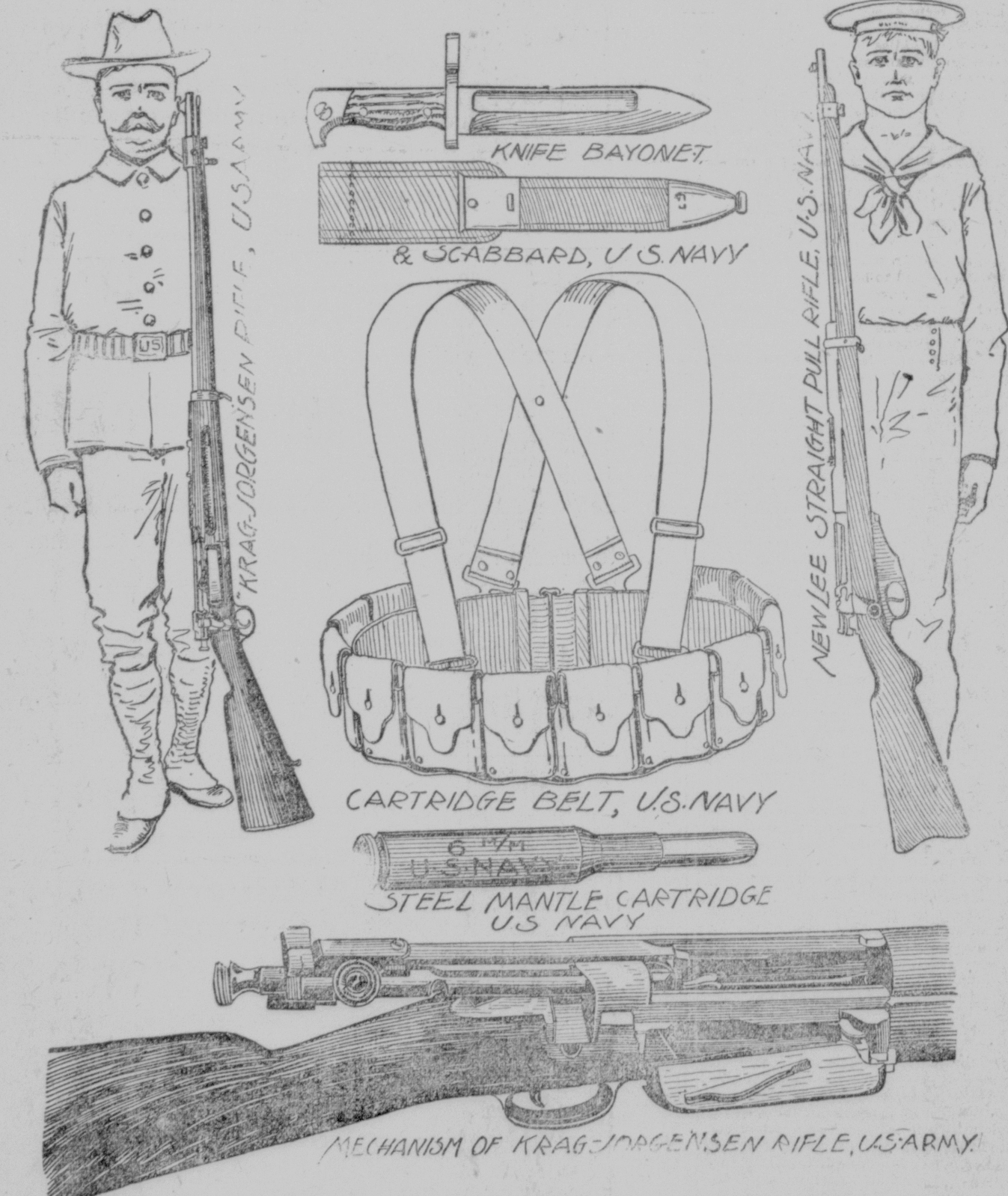
"Sooner or later," said a well known military authority recently, "there will be an engagement at close quarters between the opposing warships in this Hispano-American contest, and then the fight will reveal the stuff our marines and seamen are made of. We must remember that no engagement of recent years has been at close quarters, and the action to board an enemy's ship always means the sharpest kind of fighting, the results being invariably a large number of casualties."

The question naturally arises, "Are we prepared for that style of encounter?" There is no sort of doubt about the preparedness of our men for any emergency. The small arm now in use in the United States navy is the new Lee straight pull rifle, one of the most effective weapons of the age. This rifle was adopted by the navy in 1896, and the manufacturers commenced to furnish it to the men the following year. Twenty-five thousand are now owned by the government. With this weapon a man may be hit at a distance of 3,500 yards, which is nearly two miles. The caliber of the gun is .236, and it employs a smokeless powder cartridge with a hardened lead bullet having a steel or copper jacket plated with tin and giving an initial velocity of 2,550 feet per second. The magazine holds five cartridges, which may be inserted separately or at one time, in which latter case they are placed in the magazine in a pack, held together by a steel clip.

Among the superiorities of this gun is the fact that the operation of opening and closing is by a "straight pull," instead of the customary "up turn" and "pull back."

For the use of the marines when landing and marching some distance adjustable slings are provided, but the most important attachment is the short knife bayonet of the United States navy pattern, an effective and really murderous weapon. When unfixed, the bayonet is carried at the belt in a scabbard.

While the weight of the knife bayonet is only about 11 ounces and its length nearly 8½ inches, the weapon is strong, and in the hands of skilled and brave American "Jackies" it will prove practically irresistible. The weight of the gun without the bayonet, but with the sling, averages 8 pounds and 12 ounces, not too heavy for excellent results.



The 112 grain cartridge, with smokeless powder, which is now demanded on all small arms for the use of the navy. While the destructive force of this small caliber bullet is not as great as that of the older and much larger bullets formerly used, the range and accuracy of the firing are greatly increased over anything heretofore made use of. All of these rifles, which cost the navy department about \$30 each, are provided with the Lee military sight, a very effective attachment. Armed with this ready and destructive weapon, our fighting men in the navy may be confidently expected to give a most brilliant account of themselves.

The magazine rifle now in use by the United States army is generally known as the Krag-Jorgensen gun, and it resembles that effective Danish implement, but is much improved and modified and of entirely new pattern. The weight of the cartridge is 220 grains, nearly double that of the Lee navy cartridge. The gun is of .30 caliber and has been in use since 1894.

The peculiarity of the Krag-Jorgensen cartridge is that the lead bullet is inclosed in a jacket or mantle of steel, which gives it additional penetrative power. This is similar to the bullet of the Lee gun, which is also of steel, and the screech along this projectile is said to be enough to throw terror into the ranks of the enemy. The United States army shops at Springfield, Mass., are working night and day to supply the increased needs.

GEORGE E. EARLIE.

FACTS ABOUT SPAIN.

In 1893 the vintage in Spain was an extraordinary one. There was such an enormous quantity of wine that the did not know what to do with it. Red wine was sold for 1½ cents and even at that price there were enough purchasers to take it. In many places the wine growers took it away because they could not keep it. Near Lixia, in the vineyard proprietor put out a road a little cart with a wine on the top of it bearing

the inscription, "Wanderer, drink as much as you like, but don't forget to turn off the tap!"

Spanish trains so seldom leave stations punctually that the time tables in many cases merely indicate the hour of departure—say "8" and "minutes"—that is, an indefinite number of minutes after 8.

Spain is rich in minerals, and the working of the mines is carried on under state supervision. Their resources are by no means fully developed, about

60,000 people only being employed underground.

The average number of horses killed in Spanish bullfights every year exceeds 5,000, while from 1,000 to 2,000 bulls are sacrificed.

There is a children's cycling club in Madrid of which none of the members is over 8 years of age.

Some time ago Don Jose Galindo was arrested in Spain on a charge of forgery and falsification of public documents. He was convicted under 217 indictments and sentenced for each of the 217 offenses to 14 years' imprisonment, making for him the very formidable total of

3,038 years in prison. It is not yet decided how, when and where he will serve out his punishment.

The schoolteachers of Spain live in a delightful state of doubt and uncertainty respecting their pay. Their salaries are generally in arrears, and a case was investigated recently where a man declared he had not received a farthing for 17 years. He lived solely on the profits accruing from the sale of school-books to the children.

Goat's milk, much used in Spain, is very unwholesome in warm weather; hence the following Spanish proverb: "March milk is good for yourself, April

milk is good for your brother, and May milk is good for your mother-in-law."

In 1875, when there was nearly a war between Spain and the United States, Don Carlos, the pretender, proposed a truce between his troops and the royalists and offered to fight against the United States. Thus does history repeat itself.

Mazzantini, the famous Spanish bull-fighter, was a railway porter in his early days. He now occupies a foremost position in his profession and makes at least \$50,000 a year.

All well trained Spanish women are taught to handle the sword from their

earliest years, and as a result they are noted for their admirable figures and easy walk.

Marriages are solemnized in Spain by day or at night, according to the wishes of the couples or their station in life. If well to do, the ceremony comes off in the early part of the morning.

When the sardines, anchovies and salmon are scarce on the Spanish coast, the fishermen augment their incomes by diving for coral, a profitable diversion from their ordinary employment.

The duration of sunshine in the various countries of Europe was recently discussed at a scientific meeting. It

was shown that Spain stands at the head of the list, having on the average 3,000 hours of sunshine per year, while Italy has 2,000 hours, Germany 1,700 and England 1,400.

The queen regent of Spain cannot tolerate garlic. She objects to the odor which clings about her ministers at the cabinet meetings and overcomes it by the aid of numerous cigarettes.

The celebrated bullfighter, Revorte, on one occasion, after a triumphal ride in San Sebastian, lit a cigarette with a French bank note for 1,000 francs to show his contempt for money in general and French coin in particular.

To 1,000 persons only 1 reaches 100 years of life; to every 100, 6 reach the age of 65, and not more than 1 in 600 lives to 80 years.

tache to the Infanta Eulalia when she visited the World's fair at Chicago in 1893, and Houston and Longnecker and Stockton and Hunter and Tilley, four miles to the north of the city, some short, some dark eyed and others fair of skin, but all carrying that air of the quarter deck when on duty, a carriage that at times seemed to be assumed, it was so readily thrown aside when they were in the privacy of each other's company.

According to common report, the class of 1868, with Charles C. Cornwell at the head, was one of the brightest and best ever graduated from the Naval academy, and its members, like Cornwell, Royal R. Ingersoll, Duncan Kennedy, J. D. J. Kelley, Raymond P. Rodgers, Richard Wainwright and James R. Selfridge, have become noted. One of the class, Copp, a tall, black eyed man from New York city, went down with the Quenda off Yokohama years ago, and another, Chipp of Kingston, N. Y., was lost, with the captain, George W. De Long, in the Lena delta as he struggled across the ice from the wrecked Jeannette.

Commander George P. Ryan, with his prematurely gray hair, may have felt that destiny had marked him for an early death, for there was always an unexplainable look of sadness on his face, and as captain of the Huron he was lost, with nearly 100 officers and men, on the North Carolina coast Nov. 24, 1877, when the Kentucky ensign, Lucien Young, with fiery face and red hair, swam ashore in company with a sailor and after reaching the beach ran for miles to break open the door of a life saving station and make futile attempts to rescue his shipmates.

Admiral David D. Porter, superintendent of the Naval academy, was succeeded by the then Commodore John L. Worden. There was a wonderful difference in the personality of these two men. The first was broad and large, with quiet, kindly, dark eyes, his hair smooth and youthful looking even in old age, and of a massive dignity that told the story of a successful and honored life. He liked young people and, while courteously attentive to the captain or the commodore, was never more complacent than when shaking the hand of a youth that pleased his fancy.

The last named was tall, angular and bony, with yellow hair and long, thin, straggling full beard, streaked with gray. A younger man than Porter, he looked ten years older. His eyes were small, bluish gray and unexpressive, and the powder marks disfiguring his right cheek bone and blackening the skin under his eye were a badge of honor, though they gave an unpleasant look to his thin, emaciated face. He was always dashing about, with the military-naval cloak over his shoulders.

Rear Admiral Richard W. Meade was the handsomest man in the navy. He was as brave as a lion, a great linguist and a man of unusual mental strength. In looks he very much resembled Commodore Schley, but he was larger and more distinguished in bearing, and his bonhomie was always effervescent. His wife was the daughter of a rear admiral (Paulding) and the granddaughter of that patriot Paulding who helped to capture Major Andre.

Rear Admiral Thomas O. Selfridge, Jr., now on the retired list with the father of the same name and rank, was of medium size, with dark eyes and hair, mustache and "burnsides," and always aggressively alert. To see him striding about would create the impression that he had been declared someone by somebody and a naval engagement was to take place within the hour. "War record" could be read all over him.

Very similar was Rear Admiral Stephen B. Luce. He was a man of literary attainments and a noted strategist. He was of kindred physique to Selfridge

general officers of the United States navy may always be heralded as "a brave and kindly set of gentlemen."

Firing Big Guns.

Gunnery today is an intricate science requiring skilled and educated men to master it, and it has reached a state of development never dreamed of by the naval heroes of the past. A modern monster rifled cannon will hurl a huge projectile with tremendous force and frightful destructive possibilities through some 15 miles of space. This is much farther than the unaided eye can see clearly or aim a gun with anything like effective accuracy, for it is science that must supplement the eye and bring to its aid certain delicately adjusted instruments before the shots of these great guns can be made fruitful at long range. Assisted by these instruments, it is not only possible, but probable, that a skilled gunner would be able to hit an enemy's battleship at a distance of six miles or even farther from the muzzle of his gun.

The projectiles from these cannon do not travel in straight lines, but in curves, and their range or point of contact with the earth is determined by the angle of the elevation of the gun barrel. The required angle of elevation of each gun in order to throw a shot a certain distance is known to its gunner. Hence if the distance of a ship or other object from the gun is known the gunner has only to elevate his gun to the proper angle, and it so that it will be in line with the target and fire, with the certainty that his shot will strike the mark or near to it.

Thus it will be seen that the important thing is to determine quickly and accurately the distance of the object to be hit from the gun that is to do the hitting, and right here it is that science steps in with the range finder, the stadiometer, the range indicator, the range telegraph and other similar instruments. These instruments have been perfected until today the distance of an object from a given point can be determined from them with marvelous quickness and accuracy.

The Heart of a Warship

The dynamo room of the modern warship is the throbbing heart, and the wires radiating from it are like veins through which flow the life and intelligence which direct the movements of both ships and crew.

Unnumbered globes light the cabins, engine rooms, magazines, searchlights, conning towers and decks, operate telegraph, telephone and signal wires, guns, turrets and compartment doors. With a ship elaborately wired it is readily seen how one chance fortunate shot by the enemy will make some derangement in the system. If a shell could happen to drop into the dynamo room, all means of offense would be destroyed. The guns could no longer be fired, and time would be lost until lights could be secured. In the meantime there would be a period of confusion, delay and uncertainty, during which the enemy would be pouring in her shot, and the result would be fearful to contemplate.

Of course the wires are protected as well as may be at vulnerable points, especially where they are concentrated, as in the conning tower, but the concussion of a shot striking the vessel may have the effect of rupturing the wires in various places or causing them to make connection with the metalwork of the ship, thus diverting the current and rendering the plant inoperative.

To 1,000 persons only 1 reaches 100 years of life; to every 100, 6 reach the age of 65, and not more than 1 in 600 lives to 80 years.

THERE are kinds and kinds of Footwear, but the kind to buy is the Right Kind.

An Honest Shoe At an Honest Price

You Will Always Find at

PRATT BROTHERS

[Successors to Wm. Martin & Co.]

Reliable Shoe and Rubber Dealers,

NO. 1 BURLINGAME BLOCK, MAIN STREET.

New Pictures

Of our navy just published include **Cruiser Olympia**, with Dewey's portrait, and the **Battleship Massachusetts**. Received this week at

Dickinson's Jeweler, Stationer Art Dealer

Also **The Maine**, with Sigsbee's portrait, reproduced from his photograph made since the explosion. All in two sizes, at 50c and 75c each.

SPECIAL NOTICE COLUMN.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEADING ONE-HALF CENT A WORD A DAY. ADVS. OF LESS THAN 40 WORDS THREE DAYS FOR 45 CENTS. NO CHARGE LESS THAN 10 CENTS.

TO RENT.

Furnished flat to rent. Rooms all rented with or without furniture. Main street. Address, B. F. M., General Delivery, North Adams. 12-65

Tenement to rent on Holden street, S. P. Thayer. 12-65

Modern home and small barn on Peck street to rent for sale on monthly installments. House clean, heated, with electric lights and all modern conveniences. S. P. Thayer. 12-65

Hotel at Williamstown Station. 12-65

Apartment in the Blackstone block to rent. All modern conveniences. Apply to Joseph P. Reed, real estate agent, 77 Main st., city. 12-65

Furnished rooms at 7 Ashland st. 12-65

Tenement, cheap for a small family. In a pleasant place, 11-2 miles from city, can keep cow or horse. Inquire John W. Wells, between Beaver and Briggsville, east road. 12-65

Two new 6-room flats, all modern improvements. Apply F. E. Pike, 46 East Quincy st. 12-65

Five room tenement, 10 Glen street. 12-65

Pleasant 7-room flat. This office. 12-65

The B. F. Mather grocery store in Williamstown. Old and popular stand. Good business opportunity. Address, Mrs. L. D. Woodbridge, Williamstown, Mass. 12-65

ROOMS AND BOARD.

Table board and rooms, 30 Summer street, corner Bank street. 12-65

LOST.

Between the Baptist church and 50 Meadow street a black silk cap. Reward for its return to this office. 12-65

A lady's cape between East Quincy street and depot Tuesday afternoon. Finder will be rewarded for return to S. J. & W. C. Ellis. 12-65

WANTED

Man and wife with two or three unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping in center of city. Address box 302, P. O. 12-65

A good cook. Mrs. P. Boyd, 72 Marshall st. 12-65

Hark peeler at once. C. H. Sherman, Charlestown, Mass. 12-65

SITUATIONS WANTED

General housework, girls, cooks, waitresses, laundresses. Apply North Adams Employment Bureau, Room 7, Kimball Block, Main street. Office hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. J. A. GEORGE, Manager. 12-65

FOR SALE.

A Mason & Hamlin parlor organ in good condition. Apply to Leroy W. Davis, 37 Eagle st. 12-65

PASTURAGE, &c.

For two cows or other stock; also a few broiler chickens. 12-65

M. E. HUNTER,

Williamstown, Mass.

To Rent.

If you are thinking of moving or hiring a tenement, be sure and inquire at our office and inspect the six and eight-room tenements, four and six-room flats and eight-room cottages, which we now have to rent.

All complete, with modern improvements, are new or in first-class repair; centrally located.

BEER & DOWLIN,

Law Office, Room 11, Martin's Block.

NOTICE.

The Commissioner of Public Works will be at his office each week from 1:30 to 3 p. m. J. H. EMIGH, Commissioner of Public Works.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarella, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to enjoy a good skin, bright cheeks, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarella, beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

TRUSTEES CENSURED

City Councilmen Express Themselves Plainly On Library Matter.

\$9,000 IS THE AMOUNT NEEDED

To Pay Their Bills and Complete The Work. Final Action Postponed. Appropriations Amounting to \$19,500 Recommended.

The library matter furnished most of the discussion and interest at the city council meeting Tuesday night. An appropriation of \$9,000 to complete the work and pay the bills of the trustees was recommended, discussed and laid over for action till next Tuesday, when an adjourned meeting will be held. The adjourned meeting will be fully as important as this week's, as nearly all the important new matters were laid over till then. These include the question of electing a successor to Councilman Hooker, and appropriations to the amount of \$19,500, divided as follows: Library, \$9,000; hospital, \$2,000; normal school, \$5,000; Drury improvements, \$3,500.

Aside from these, the only important matter was a bit of what seemed to be red tape, but was in reality necessary to secure for the city the \$85,000 which the treasurer was authorized to borrow at the previous meeting. A technicality was found to be wrong in the order previously passed, and it was necessary to rescind the former action and pass new orders in order to borrow the money. It also developed that it might be a hard matter to borrow the \$30,000 necessary for refunding part of the city debt maturing this year, and four per cent. was set as the possible rate of interest.

Jurors were drawn for the next civil sitting of the superior court, and one permit was given, which completed the business of the meeting. There were several enlightening features, which served to make endurable the long meeting and the hot council chamber. All the councilmen were present except Clark, Hastings, Hooker and Rice.

Stated Discussion on the Library. Surprise was manifest when the library appropriation as recommended was put at \$9,000. Much more surprise was shown when it was announced that the amount by which the trustees had exceeded the \$10,000 gift of A. C. Houghton was over \$4000. A strong desire was shown to censure the library trustees for what nearly every one who spoke denounced as wrong in their conduct of affairs. It was largely for the purpose of expressing this censure that the matter was put over for a week, instead of passing the appropriation at once. There was little hesitation expressed about making the appropriation, although several members thought that more should be known about the mysterious \$4000 excess.

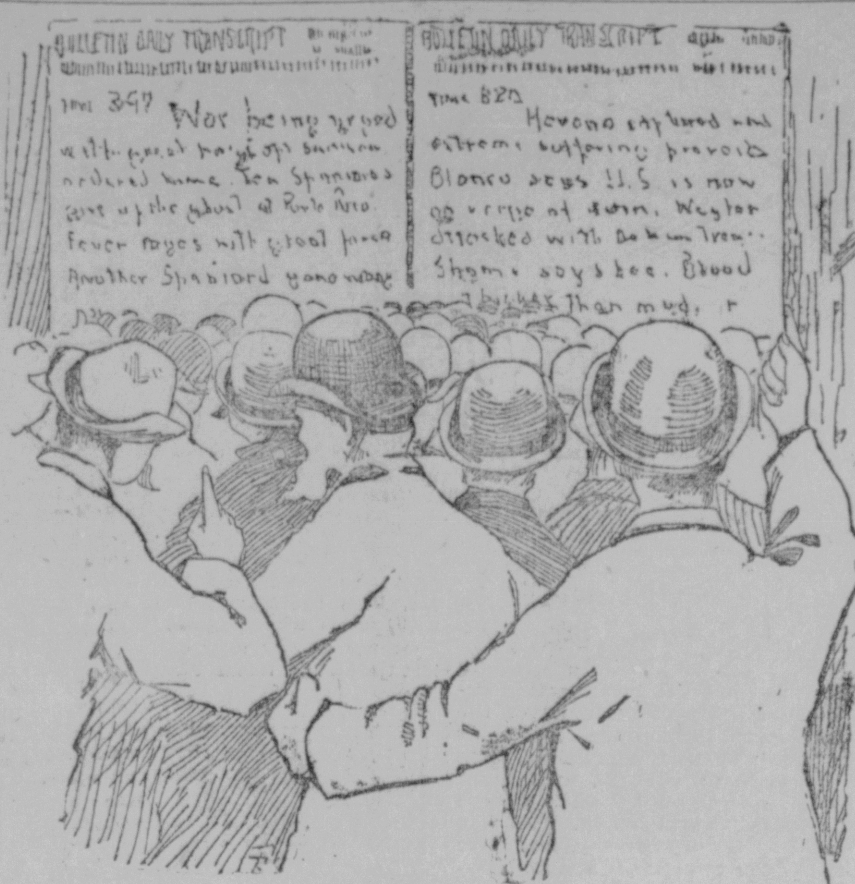
The matter was introduced at the beginning of the meeting by a recommendation that the sum of \$9,000 be granted. This was referred to the finance committee who retired during the meeting to discuss it. They presented a favorable report, and in doing so Chairman Whitaker explained that the committee, in company with city officials, had gone over the library, and had met the trustees, the findings of the committee were that the trustees had actually expended \$3,884.84, and contracted bills for \$4,082.79 more. This latter amount included the eating system, which was to be paid for only on proving itself satisfactory. The appropriation of \$9,000 was to include this excess, \$2,500 for completing the exterior and interior of the building, and \$2,472.21 for the library fittings, shelves, etc. The amount needed for fittings had been carefully estimated, and it was thought that \$9,000 was sufficient for all he needs except those which could wait till next year.

Mr. Whitaker said that the committee had examined the results of the work that had been done, and found that many things unexpected at first had been necessary. Repairs to the basement, to the roof, and on the partition had been found necessary, all of which cost much more than the average person supposed, until he had tried it for himself. The committee had come to the conclusion that while the action of the trustees in contracting to pay an excess which the city had not voted was unjustifiable, they had not been carelessly extravagant in the expenditures made, and that the results were as much as could be expected from the money spent.

Questions and comment were then in order, and they came thick and fast. Mr. Bracewell wanted to know first whether contracts signed by the mayor had been paid for the excess. Mr. Whitaker said there had not. Mr. Bracewell replied that while we must be gentle with the city, it should be said and shown that the trustees had done wrong, at which he was subdued and said he had been deceived to know when it had been exceeded. Mr. Whitaker did not know except that it was not null contracts had been made beyond that amount.

Mr. Armstrong brought out the most important point when he asked who was to have charge of the \$9,000 should it be granted. Mr. Whitaker said the committee thought it should be in the hands of the commissioner of public works. He later gave an amendment to the recommendation, providing that the commissioner should have the supervision of the money if granted. Mr. Sykes criticized the way the work had been done by saying that the plastering of the building would not have fallen off if the roof had not been off for so long a time. Mr. Bracewell then made a fiery speech, urging the council not to pass by the conduct of the trustees lightly, and to rebuke them properly.

Mayor Cady, who was present, was called on and said that when the trustees asked him to recommend the appropriation they said nothing about having already spent a part of the city's money, and it was only through the press that he had learned of any excess. Mr. Brown then moved that the matter be laid over a week, and Mr. Bracewell promptly seconded the motion. Mr. Armstrong urged immediate action, as the building was now the property of the city, and we should not "let it rot." "Let it rot, then," retorted Mr. Bracewell. Mr. Willis said he was convinced that something was being held back, that neither the mayor nor the chairman of the finance committee seemed to know the full details of the \$4000 excess. Vote was taken and the matter was laid on the table a week, to be decided at next Tuesday's meeting. Col. Bracewell said after the meeting that the postponement of the matter, the refusal



Yesterday's News Brings Out the Bulletin Readers.

of the council to act on the report at once, was enough to satisfy him.

The Other Appropriations. The excitement over the library matter almost crowded from attention the other important recommendations, and they will probably be acted on next Tuesday. The mayor recommended an appropriation of \$2,000 for the hospital, it having been found that other cities were making similar appropriations and its legality therefore seeming sure. The finance committee asked for more time, indefinitely, but Mr. Bracewell pinned them down with a motion to report next week.

The matter of appropriating \$5,000 for the normal school, to secure the appropriation voted by the state on condition that the city give that amount, and the request of the school committee that \$3,500 be appropriated for repairs and changes in the Drury building, were both left till next week. A special committee was appointed to look into the normal school matter, consisting of Councilmen Perry, Willis, Armstrong, Whitaker and Cutting.

New Councilman Wanted. Councilman Hooker did not send in his resignation. As was expected, therefore a resolution was presented declaring Mr. Hooker's seat vacant, as he has removed his residence from this city to Bridgeport, Ct. This resolution, while it was not signed, was presented from Councilman Willis, who took an active interest in it. It was referred to the committee on resolutions, and Mr. Willis immediately moved that when the council adjourns, it do so for one week.

Money Borrowing Technicalities. With much reading of recommendations and orders and reporting of committees and explanation, orders were finally passed which will probably make it possible for the city to borrow the \$85,000 it had already voted to secure. This was made necessary by the refusal of the Provident Institution for Savings to lend money the last payment on which would be more than 30 years after the time of loan. The original orders provided for payments on one of the notes on October 1, which would make the last payment some months over 30 years. The time of payments was therefore made June 1.

The rate of interest on the \$30,000 wanted for refunding was set at four per cent. for a limit, as the Provident Institution refuses to lend money for the purpose and it is feared that its rate of 3.5 per cent. cannot be equalled elsewhere.

Miscellaneous Business

Jurors were drawn for the next civil sitting of the superior court, and the following were drawn by Councilman Gallup, who was chosen to reach for the slips: The following victims were chosen: George M. Darby of 47 Liberty street, Everett Cady of 47 Liberty street, F. C. McQuinn of 47 Quincy street, W. B. Sanford of 17 Quincy street, I. P. Sheldon of 14 Pleasant street, A. C. Weber of Braeswell avenue.

The committee on buildings reported in favor of granting the petition of Levi B. Jenks of Union street for permission to change a frame addition to his house, which is within the fire limits. This was in connection with the change of grade for paving and was granted.

30 BOXES OF GOLD. Easy Mining for Pin Money.

To secure some desired information direct from the people, it is proposed to send a trim little box containing 50 gold dollars to each of 30 persons who write the most interesting description of their experience and observation on the following topics:

How have you been affected by coffee drinking? Do you know anyone who has been driven away from Postum because it came to the table weak and characterless at the first trial? Did you set such a person right regarding the easy way to make Postum clear, black and with a crisp, pungent taste? Have you ever discovered a better way to make it than to note the clock at the time actual boiling commences, (not when pot is first put on stove) and keep it boiling moderately for full 15 minutes, using two heaping teaspoonsful for each cup of beverage?

Give names and account of those you know to have been cured or helped in health by the dispensing of coffee and the daily use of the Food Coffee in its place. Address your letter to the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich., writing your own name and address clearly.

Decision will be made and the 30 little boxes of gold sent out on June 30, next.

Every friend of Postum is urged to write and each letter will be held in high esteem by the company, as an evidence of such friendship, while the little boxes of gold will reach many a modest writer whose plain and sensible letter contains the facts desired, although the sender may have but small faith in winning at the time of writing.

A. J. Withersell is repairing the piazza on the front of his Eagle street block. The floor has been taken out and the space will be graveled until a new sidewalk is built on that side of the street.

Examinations in the French parochial school began this morning.

APPEAL FOR GREYLOCK.

Dr. Bascom Speaks Before Ways and Means Committee.

There was a hearing on the Greylock reservation bill before the legislative ways and means committee Tuesday, at which Dr. John Bascom of Williamstown presented a strong appeal for the preservation of the beauties and resources of the mountain. Several members of the association were present at the hearing, but Dr. Bascom was the only speaker. Chairman Clarke asked Representative Stevenson of Pittsfield, who was present as a spectator, if the town in which Greylock is situated would not do something toward the expense of maintenance, and he said he thought they would. It was said that the surplus timber sold would probably be adequate to meet all expenses, and it was suggested that the bill might be so amended as to relieve the state of the expense of maintenance.

Dr. Bascom spoke at length on the importance of securing state control of the mountain at once, and after speaking of the fact that Greylock is the rightful property of the people rather than of any corporation, said: "Greylock is unique in being detached from all other mountains, standing alone in its sole grandeur. It is surrounded by fertile and populous valleys, but civilization has scarcely encroached upon its solitudes. It is in spite of its apparent isolation, easily accessible on all parts of the state. The town of North Adams has put forth its best efforts to preserve this mountain, building roads to its summit, which it asks the state to maintain. The hand of wealth has not been upon the mountain. All that is asked is that the state, acting for the people collectively, will do what the people locally have tried to do, but have at the strength to accomplish."

FORMER RESIDENT BUYS MINE.

John T. Murphy Secures Option on Rich Fields

John T. Murphy of West Superior, Wis., as just arrived, home from a 10 days' trip to the gold fields of Wabigoon and Manitowish lakes, 150 miles northeast of the tiny Lake country. Expert judges have said in the Wabigoon and Manitowish gold fields and Mr. Murphy and a number of other West Superior men secured an option on 100 acres of what they believe to be the richest gold mining property in the new Eldorado. The country is wild and fish and game are abundant. Mr. Murphy, as is well remembered, for several years connected with THE TRANSSCRIPT. He is now president of the Evening Telegram Printing company of West Superior, which has just put in a new perfecting press that will print and fold 12,000 papers an hour. The Telegram also has Linotype machines and an engraving department and is one of the best equipped newspaper offices in the West.

Church Congress Opens.

The Pittsfield church congress opened Tuesday with large attendance and an interesting meeting. The members rode to Lenox in the morning, and assisted in the dedication of the Parsons memorial chapel there. The meetings are held twice daily from Tuesday to Friday. The second session on Friday will be held at 2:30 p. m., instead of in the evening. On Friday morning at 10:30 the topic for consideration is "The poet as prophet" with two writers and three speakers. Hamilton W. Mable, Esq., is one of the latter and the people of North Adams will find this an excellent opportunity to hear this talented man on a subject so congenial to him.

The congress was attended today by almost all of the clergymen of northern Berkshire without regard to denomination. At the last meeting of the northern Berkshire ministerial association it was voted to attend the congress. Many of the clergymen rode to the county seat on their wheels.

The afternoon session on Friday will treat of "The Efficacy of Prayer." Several prominent men will engage in this subject among them Rev. J. Lewis Parks, D. D. and Rev. G. R. Van De Water of New York. All who desire to attend both sessions may do so by leaving North Adams at 9:25 a. m.; returning at 6:05 p. m. or if attending only in the afternoon by leaving here at 12:10 p. m. The meetings are all held in the Methodist church.

The work of inspecting the stables of milkmen who sell milk in this city has been about half completed. In most of the barns a few changes are found necessary, though there is not a bad state of things by any means. In most cases it is evident that the milkmen have been doing what they thought was right in the care of their stock and stables. One of the chief objections encountered is a lack of light and ventilation, and some of the dealers have been in the habit of straining their milk in the stables, a practice which will not be allowed.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away. To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No. 10, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Birtley's Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

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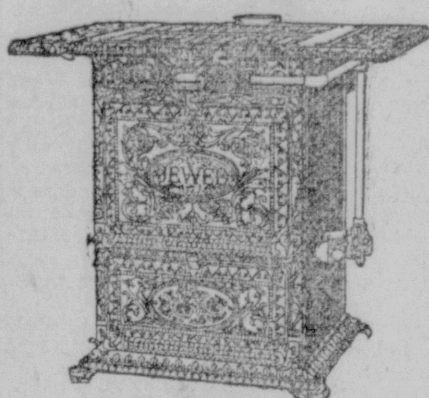
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OUR LEADER—A Large Comfortable Folding Chair,

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ONLY 50 AT THIS PRICE!

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We are still selling for cost these household treasures.

See them at

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THIS WEEK---

We are showing

Refrigerators and Oil Stoves.

The Novelty Blue Flame Oil Stove leads them all. No smoking or smelling after being used a while.

See the American Refrigerator. Superior to all others. Many excellent features which others do not have. Now to be seen in my show windows.

J. H. CODY,

Furniture and Undertaking, 22 to 30 Eagle St.

Agent for Acorn Stoves and Ranges. Ten per cent. off on purchases.

THE DEWEY DROP

As our valiant commander dropped the Spaniards at Manila, so we drop the former prices of Patent Medicines. Hereafter we shall sell at following prices—

	Old Price.	Our Price.
Hoods' Sarsaparilla,	\$1.00	67c.
Ayer's Sarsaparilla,	1.00	65c.
Brown's Sarsaparilla,	1.00	67c.
Warr's Safe Cure,	1.25	84c.
Swift's Specific,	1.00	67c.
Ayer's Hair Vigor,	.75	57c.
Kemp's Balsam,	.50	35c.
Bausch's German Syrup,	.75	50c.
Wells' Hair Balsam,	.50	35c.
Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic,	1.00	67c.
Kennedy's Medical Discovery	1.00	1.00
Vegetine,	1.00	84c.
Bain's Celery Compound,	1.00	73c.
Burdett Blood Bitters,	1.00	67c.
Syrup Figs,	.50c.	84c.
Green's August Flower,	.75	44c.
Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,	1.00	67c.
Walnut Leaf Hair-Restorer,	1.00	67c.
Green's Nervura,	1.00	73c.
Parker's Hair Balsam,	.50	34c.
Indian Sagwa,	1.00	67c.
Castoria,	.85	23c.
Mallin's Food,	.75	55c.
Swamp Root,	1.00	67c.
Scott's Emulsion,	1.00	67c.
Quaker Bitters,	1.00	67c.
Aker's English Remedy,	.25	18c.
Hall's Hair Renewer,	1.00	56c.
Allen's Hair Restorer,	1.25	84c.
Hart's Kidney & Bladder Remedies,	1.00	75c.
Burnett's Cocaine,	1.00	67c.
English Back Ache Plasters,	.50	34c.
Improved Mandrake Pills,	.20	15c.

These are war-time prices; only they are down instead of up. Remember the place—76 Main Street.

G. A. HASTINGS.